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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 208 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

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General Price Cuts Likely As Step To Fight The Inflation

Back To Controlled Economy

COMPULSORY SAVING FOR ALL EARNERS

Supplementary Budget Is Possible In November

NEW DELHI, August 31 (PTI).

THE first of series of measures to fight inflation and balance the budget is expected to be announced shortly, according to lobby circles here.

The main front to be attacked will be the high cost of living, and as a preliminary step a return to controlled economy and a reduction of ten per cent in the price of all commodities are indicated. These may include foodgrains, textiles, sugar, oilseeds, cement, iron and steel, etc.

Besides price reduction, other features of the imminent drive are compulsory saving, economy in administration and the adoption by the Centre of a "strong line" with regard to the allocation of grants to those provinces which fail to fall in line with the overall economic policy of the Central Government.

There is acute awareness that something must be done to overcome the "crisis". The measures may involve more legislation, and presumably a supplementary budget as well for the November session of the Indian Parliament.

The present financial position of the country constitutes a strange paradox. While the overall economic situation is claimed to be sound and the credit of the rupee is indeed high, the country is faced with a big budget deficit.

Moreover, the loan programme, has met with failure and the cost of living has kept on rising.

An estimated surplus of Rs. 45 lakhs provided for by the Finance Minister threatens to end in a deficit of 45 crores and firm measures are said to be under active consideration to check further deterioration.

CAUSES

Causes of this financial "crisis" are believed to include the international economic situation, the dollar crisis, inadequate appreciation of the country's own budgetary position and reported lack of proper supervision over expenditure.

Besides these, the departure on the part of certain Provincial Governments from the overall economic policy of the Centre is also stated to be a contributory factor.

The food procurement programme for the current season is practically over and agriculturists may not feel "the pinch" of the new policy immediately, but with a lowering down of the price level of textiles and other necessaries, it is expected there was not much difficulty in the producer reconciling himself to a reduction of ten per cent in the price of his produce. The reduction in the controlled price of primary produce is expected to be worked out in a manner that will cause the minimum of inconvenience.

SAVINGS

Compulsory saving is understood to be another feature of the drive. Agriculturists who pay rupees fifty and above as land revenue will have to pay a little more. All classes of earners above a minimum income group will be roped in, but the distribution of the burden will be on a graduated scale, the burden being lighter on the lower income groups.

To begin with, the percentage of compulsory saving will be small with a view to making the people attune themselves to the changing economic pattern and fight the inflation menace.

In this overall plan, provision is also understood to have been made to attract "underground" money.

Tax evasion has been rampant and an effort will be made to check this practice.

Since it is presumed there is plenty of money in hiding out of fear of income tax, it is considered possible that Government may proclaim some sort of "amnesty" for incomes earned in a specified period and on which tax has not been paid, in return for the payment of money to the state to be fixed on an ad hoc basis.

The main target in all the Governmental measures under consideration is understood to be to keep the inflationary trend under control. The Finance Minister had referred to this in his last budget speech and claimed that as a result of the various measures taken by Government, prices had remained more or less steady at the index number of 390. Since then the tendency has been for the index to go up.

ECONOMY

Another measure on which the Government is believed to be concentrating its attention is to effect drastic economy in the administration itself.

The recommendations of the Economy Committee presided over by Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, it is understood,

(Continued on page 7)

Congress Scores In Coimbatore

WINS ALL 5 SEATS TO DISTRICT BOARD

COIMBATORE, Aug. 31. (P. T. I.): Congress has won all the five seats to the District Board from Coimbatore Taluk.

Three other seats—two from Pollachi and one from Udumalpet— results of which have been known have also been secured by Congress.

Elections to the district boards in Coimbatore District were held yesterday and counting of votes began at 3 p.m. today.

Fourteen Congress candidates had already been returned unopposed to the district boards.

The total strength of the Coimbatore District Board is 52. One seat reserved for Europeans is not being contested.

The Government of India have a proposal under consideration to fix the length of the cinematograph films at 11,500 feet. They have invited the opinion of the provincial Governments in the matter.

FIFTYTHREE WERE DETAINED

Fifty-three students, including 8 women, were detained at Santa Cruz airport as they did not possess yellow fever certificates. Among the passengers was Miss Lila Ray who represented India at the first International Congress of Physical Education for Women at Copenhagen. The students were later released.

FOOD PRODUCTION BY ORDINANCE!

SIMLA, Aug. 31, (UPI): Three ordinances designed to step up food production in the East Punjab were promulgated today by the East Punjab Government following a Cabinet Food Sub-Committee meeting.

One of the ordinances provides for reclamation of cultivable waste land and their cultivation.

Seventeen municipalities in the Province have been instructed by the second ordinance to take up compulsory the work of compost-making, failing which the Government would take over the work at their cost.

Export of cattle wealth from the Province has been banned by the third ordinance.

QUARANTINED STUDENTS IN CITY RELEASED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fifty-three passengers, who were quarantined at the isolation hospital at Marol, immediately after they landed at the Bombay airport this morning by a Sabena Skymaster, as they did not possess yellow fever inoculation certificates, were released late in the evening, the airport health authorities stated tonight.

The plane which arrived from London, it is stated, had passed through Belgian Congo, a yellow fever infected area, two months ago.

The Sabena aircraft which had been chartered by the Indian High Commissioner in London, is expected to fly back to the United Kingdom on Friday with a complement of 45 passengers.

Mr. S. R. Zaman, Air Transportation Officer attached to India House, London, who travelled with the party mostly students, including eight women, stated that the attitude of the Airport Health authorities was most "unreasonable".

Explaining why he resented the attitude of the Air Port Health authorities Mr. Zaman said, "the plane may have passed through an infected area, but it has been disinfected by the Health Department at Kano, British Nigeria, by the Quarantine Officer at Leopoldville and the Medical Director of the Sabena Airlines". Mr. Zaman further stated that if the London Air Port Health authorities could give them a clearance, there was no reason why they should be detained in Bombay.

Among the passengers who landed by the aircraft was Miss Leela Ray, who represented India at the first International Congress of Physical Education for Women at Copenhagen.

U. S. Deeply Interested In Kashmir Question

MOVE TO HAVE LASTING PEACE IN FAR EAST

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter).

THE United States was deeply interested in the Kashmir question, said Secretary of State Dean Acheson in a statement at his press conference today. He announced that President Truman had appealed to India and Pakistan to accept the United Nations proposals for a settlement of the dispute.

Asked whether he would describe President Truman's action as a first step in halting the spread of Communism in Asia, Mr. Acheson replied that it would be a mistake to attach this particular significance to the move. (Full report of Mr. Truman's appeal is on page 10.)

Dean Acheson

Mr. Acheson added that the United States was also reviewing the entire situation in the Far East and one of the reasons for the United States interest was that the only people who would benefit from turmoil and disturbances there, in India, Indonesia or China, were the Communists.

STATEMENT

Mr. Acheson issued the following statement at his press conference today: "Since January 1, 1949, the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan of which the benefit from turmoil and disturbanhas been attempting to negotiate a truce agreement between the Governments of India and Pakistan.

"These efforts to date have not been successful and the Commission, within the past few days, has submitted a new proposal to both Governments for the settlement of the truce in the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

"In view of the great interest of this Goverment in the peace and stability of the sub-continent, the President has addressed a message to Prime Minister Pandit Nehru of India and Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan of Pakistan, urging that they accept the Commission's recent proposal for settlement of a truce issue."

The Kashmir Commission had proposed the following agenda for a joint meeting of India and Pakistan:

(one) Withdrawal of Pakistan armed forces from the State of Jammu and Kashmir;

(Two), Withdrawal of tribesmen and Pakistan nationals not normally resident in the State of Jammu and Kashmir;

(Three). Withdrawal of the bulk of the Indian armed forces from the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(Four.) Related questions (in which India wanted to discuss the question of the disbandment of the Azad "free" Kashmir forces.

The Indian and Pakistan Governments could not agree on this agenda and the proposed joint meeting was called off. New proposals are now being made to both the Governments by the Commission.

LOUIS JOHNSON VS. HISTORY

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter).—The American Defence Secretary, Mr. Louis Johnson, said today that the United States had gone a long way to correct "the mistakes of our demobilisation stampede."

In his first public address as head of the new unified Defence Department, Mr. Johnson told the American Legion Convention here that Russian post-war foreign policy was parallel to that of Japan immediately after the first world war, adding: "We are grimly determined that history shall not repeat itself."

Louis Johnson.

"The parallel with the end of World War One continues For at that moment, on V-J Day, our wartime ally Russia was already on the move with her own plans."

DEMARCATION OF CEASE-FIRE LINE

RAWALPINDI, Aug. 31. (UPI): The demarkation of the cease-fire line is in progress on various fronts, in Jammu and Kashmir State, according to reports reaching Rawalpindi.

In Tithwal, the whole sector has been divided into three sub-sections for expediting the work

In Chakothi sector, a cease-fire line has been drawn from Graja Gali 8 miles north-east of Chakothi to Eadori, 12 miles north-east of Chakothi

Nehru To Visit Bombay

NEW DELHI Aug. 31. (U.P.I.): Pandi Nehru is expected to pay a short visit to Bombay on September 5.

It is understood that the Prime Minister will discuss some important matters with Sardar Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, who has been convalescing in Bombay for the last few weeks.

Calicut Zamorin Dead

CALICUT, Aug. 31. (PTI): Zamorin of Calicut Manavikraman Raja alias Kittunni Raja died last night at his palace at the age of 89.

FIVE DIVISIONS OF SOVIET TROOPS ON YUGOSLAV BORDER

Belgrade Paper Calls Stalin A Cheat

BELGRADE, August 31 (U. P. A.). RUSSIA massed five armoured divisions on the Yugoslav border on Wednesday and Yugoslavia immediately rushed her Ambassador back to United Nations headquarters in New York to stand by for action.

Ambassador Dr. Josa Vilfan left Belgrade by plane shortly after authoritative sources disclosed that the recent Russian troops manoeuvres had placed 50,000 men, 500 tanks and numerous war planes along a 150 mile front, menacing Yugoslav's northern frontier.

It can be said on good authority that Vilfan was being hurried back to his post at Lake Success to be ready should Russia's troop movements force Marshal Tito to charge the Soviet Union before the United Nations with menacing world peace.

Simultaneously with Vilfan's departure, Yugoslav Communist Party newspaper Borba accused Premier Joseif Stalin of duplicity and said Yugoslavia could not have any faith in Soviet leadership. There was no Government reference as yet to the Soviet note of August 29 which was distributed by Soviet News Agency Tass Tuesday night and broadcast by Radio Moscow.

The Soviet forces massed on the Yugoslav northern frontier were strategically placed within one day's drive across the 75 miles of flat plains to Belgrade.

UP TO TITO

LAKE SUCCESS, Aug. 31 (UPA)—The Western powers are leaving it completely up to the Government of Marshal Tito whether to bring the steadily worsening Yugoslav-Russian rift before the United Nations Security Council, according to informed sources here.

The Security Council is on vacation and the Chairman for September, Alexander Cadogan of Britain, has no plans to call a meeting until after the Labour Day week-end.

WEST IS WATCHING

LONDON, Aug. 31 (UPA)—Western Powers are discussing measures to keep peace in the Balkans in the face of the widening rift between Russia and the Yugoslav government diplomatic quarters disclosed today.

sThese quarters said that the United States, Britain and France are considering—among other things—a joint move to caution Soviet Russia against interference with Marshal Tito's Government. They said that informal talks on the growing Balkan crisis were held at Belgrade earlier this week among American, French and British representatives and Yugoslavia's Deputy Foreign Minister Alex Bebler.

The Western diplomats were said to hold the view that a joint move by the Western Powers was advisable as soon as possible and a timely warning might prevent more disturbances in Southeastern Europe. They emphasized, however, that no final decisions had been reached by the Western Powers.

British government quarters said that the Soviet campaign against Yugoslavia was tantamount to a disturbance of European peace and a menace to the independence of the small nation. But, legally there were yet no sufficient grounds for Western intervention.

WAR OF NERVES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31 (UPA)—Secretary of State Dean Acheson said on Wednesday that the reported Russian troop movements along the Yugoslav border seem accompanied by calculated publicity as part of the war of nerves in the Balkans.

Acheson told the news conference that the United States is watching the feud between Premier Josef Stalin and Marshal Tito very closely and that the American, British and French Ambassadors in Belgrade are in constant informal consultations.

TALKS IN ROME

ROME, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter)—The Italian Minister to Belgrade, Signor Enrico Martino, cut short a holiday in Austria today to hurry to Rome for talks on the Yugoslav situation with Italian Foreign Minister, Count Carlo Sforza.

It was later announced he would return to Belgrade tomorrow instead of finishing his holiday.

300,000 Pledge For Tito

BELGRADE, Aug. 31. (UPA): Marshal Tito's personal elite guard force, estimated at 300,000 men, publicly pledged on Wednesday that the guard would die fighting if Yugoslavia were invaded.

"We are prepared to give our lives" for Yugoslavia's defence against the Cominform, the pledge said.

The pledge to die fighting made by the elite guard was published in the Communist party newspaper Borba in the [illegible] Tito.

The pledge said: "For Tito, for the party and for our people, as well as for the revolutionary achievements attained by blood we are prepared even to give our lives. The love we have for our homeland, ..the blood we shed for its freedom and the efforts and sweat given for its construction are reasons why we shall never allow anybody to interfere in our internal affairs."

Compensation For Property Acquired By Government

SAME BASIS FOR ALL CATEGORIES: CONGRESS COMPROMISE FORMULA

NEW DELHI, August 31 (PTI).

THE Congress Assembly Party today agreed that the basis of compensation for property acquired by the Government should under the new Constitution be the same for commercial and industrial property as well as for agricultural land, it is learnt.

The formula adopted by the Party by 56 to 34 votes has, however, a new clause which says that when a Bill for Acquisition of Property pending in the Legislature of any State at the commencement of this Constitution is passed into law, such law shall not have effect until it has received the assent of the President and when so assented to, the principles and the manner prescribed in such law for determining and giving compensation shall not be questioned in any Court of Law. This presumably has special reference to Zamindari acquisition bills

NEHRU FORMULA.

The formula, which was placed before the meeting by Prime Minister Nehru and seconded by the United Provinces Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, is stated to read as follows:

(1) No person shall be deprived of his property save by authority of law.

(2) No property, movable or immovable, including any interest in, or in any company owing any commercial or industrial undertaking, shall be taken possession of or acquired for public purposes under any law authorizing the taking of such possession or such acquisition unless the law provides for compensation for the property taken possession of or acquired and either fixes the amount of the compensation, or specifies the principles on which, and the manner in which, the compensation is to be determined and given.

PRESIDENT'S ASSENT NEEDED

(3) No law, as is referred to in Clause 2 of this article, made by the Legislature of a State shall have effect unless it has received the assent of the President.

(4) When a Bill for enacting a law as referred to in Clause 2 pending in the Legislature of any State at the commencement of this Constitution is passed into law, such law shall not have effect until it has received the assent of the President, and when so assented to, the principles and the manner prescribed in such law for determining and giving compensation shall not be questioned in any Court of Law

(5) Nothing in Clause 2 of this article shall affect (A) the provisions of any existing law, or (B) the provisions of any law which the State may hereafter make for the purpose of imposing or levying any tax or penalty or for the promotion of public health or the prevention of danger to life or property.

DID THE MANTRAS DO IT?

BAHRAICH, Aug. 31. (P T D: A "dead" woman return to life in Phaphamau, a few miles from here.

Bitten by a venomous snake, the woman lost consciousness and was declared "lifeless" by doctors.

Preparations for her cremation were in progress when a stranger interrupted. He chanted some mantras and within an hour, the pulse returned and the limbs started moving to the utter amazement of the mourners.

The woman, who is the wife of a railway booking clerk, is now hale and hearty.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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MATRIMONIAL

Young gentleman, Christian, working for British Firm in Bombay, wants young lady for matrimonial life. Apply Box No. 1101, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for a Junior Research Scholarship of Rs. 150/- p.m., tenable for one year at the first instance and renewable for two or more years on satisfactory progress, from candidates possessing first class or a high second class in M.Sc. in Physics. The selected candidate will be required to carry on research in X-ray Crystallography. Apply to the Registrar, Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, 210 Bowbazar St. Calcutta. 12, on or before September 15, 1949. 5623

Wanted—Tailors efficient cutters for a big Firm. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating experience and salary acceptable to:—Chandra Stores, Ajmer. 1085

Wanted experienced persons to represent a leading English daily newspaper for advertisement purposes. Apply with all particulars and testimonials to Box No. R1 c/o "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Special classes now started for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. 1102

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars, National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5015

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Balkishan and Co., Post Box No. 114, Baroda 1041

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale Five used Filter Presses complete with 36 inch Plates—disposing off due to change in manufacturing process—open for inspection at Kharaghoda BB & CI Railway Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd. Apply with best offers Registered Head Office Chartered Bank Building, Fort, Bombay. Phone 22843. 1046

Almost all types and sizes of sheet metal works can be done with the aid of "ATLAS" Grade 1; Sheet metal working machinery. Write for particulars: Roberts, McLean and Co., Ltd., Ilaco House, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay, or The Industrial Syndicate, 119-B, Ripon Street, Calcutta 16. 5299

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.
TENDER NOTICE.

THE TEST AUDIT OFFICER invites tenders for the supply of 10 tons of writing paper White Creamlaid and 4 tons of Ledger paper (Foreign) required by the Municipal Printing Press. Tender form containing specifications, directions and conditions of contract etc., can be had from the Superintendent, Municipal Printing Press, Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1/- per copy. Tenders should be submitted on WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1949.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
T. V. DORAISWAMY.
Test Audit Officer,
Bombay Municipality.
5608

THOMASON COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS
(Proposed dates November 10, 11 and 12, 1949)

ADMISSION to the Celebrations will be strictly on presentation of invitation cards. To enable invitation cards to be issued in time will the ex-members of the Teaching Staff and ex-students of this College, kindly communicate their latest addresses before September 15, 1949 to the Principal (Invitations) Thomason College of Engineering, Roorkee. (5584)

PUBLIC NOTICES

SURAT BOROUGH MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS are invited for supplying at Site 500 Numbers of 20" Dia. Circular Cast Iron Heavy Type of Manhole—Frames and Covers of the total weight of 3¼ and 4¼ C. Wt. each. The Contractor should quote rate on Weight Basis as well as per each article and state the period of delivery. The castings should be free from blow holes and other imperfections due to defective manufacture. The covers should be marked with the words 'S. B. M.', and the direction arrow. The Contractors should submit his pattern drawing for the article tendered. The Tenders should reach the U/S on or before the 15th Sept. 1949.

C. J. GHIA,
President,
Surat Borough Municipality.
5615

TENDER NOTICE NO. E/28/3.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division II), Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi invites tenders for the supply of 1,00,000 (one lakh) 2 gallon size tins required to be delivered at Ghee Centre, Agra. Requisite quantity of tinplate will be made available Ex-Ghee Centre, Agra on payment at fixed rates.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 20-9-49 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office upto 12-9-1949 at Rs. 10/- (Not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers. 5619

TENDER NOTICE NO. A/800

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase Ministry of Food (Div. II), Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi invites tenders for the purchase and removal of refractions collected during the grinding of wheat for the Defence Services at the Wallace Flour Mills Co. Ltd., Bombay, during the period 1-10-49 to 31-3-50. The refractions generally comprise of broken wheat, gram, cockle, ghundi, bhusi, wheat dust, mill sweepings, etc. etc.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 4 P.M. on 20-9-1949, on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office up to 10-9-1949, at Rs. 5/- (not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitter's full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers. 5618

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)

THE AGENT and GENERAL MANAGER invites tenders for the supply of gram dall 360 Bengal maunds, Moong dall 600 Bengal maunds, chillies 85 Bengal maunds and washing soap 13,500 bars each bar weighing approximately 45 tolas. Good quality essential. Successful tenderer will have to deposit Rs. 500/- for each commodity as earnest money. Supplies to be made within 7 days of acceptance of tender at the Company's Grain Shop, Kurduwadi. Tenders with samples should reach in sealed covers duly superscribed "Tender for the supply of....." before 11-00 a.m. on 12th September 1949, addressed to the Agent and General Manager, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduwadi. 5617

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE.

THE ADDITIONAL Chief Engineer, Central P.W.D. New Delhi invites lump-sum tenders for the construction of a Road Bridge about 1800 ft. long on the Brahmani River at Barakot on National Highway No. 6 through the Eastern States (Orissa) from approved Ist Class contractors of Central P.W.D., Provincial Governments M.E.S. and Railways.

The estimated cost of the work is Rs. 14 lacs and an earnest money of Rs. 20,000/- should be deposited along with the tender.

Tenders are required to quote for a design prepared by the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India (Roads) and also if they wish for a design of their own choice complying with the basic requirements.

Copies of the Tender Notice, Plans Specifications, and a Notice for the guidance of the tenderers can be obtained on application from the Additional Chief Engineer, Central P.W.D. Eastern Zone, 'L' Block, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 10/- which is not refundable under any account.

Tender should reach the office of the Additional Chief Engineer, Central, P.W.D. New Delhi not later than 5th October, 1949.

Further particulars if any required may be had from any of the following:— (a) The Superintending Engineer, Calcutta Central Circle No. II, Calcutta. (b) The Executive Engineer, Roads Division, Eastern States, Kharagpur or (c) Shri A. L. Rao Executive Engineer, Planning Circle C.P.W.D. 'L' Block, New Delhi. 5616

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of a building at Bellasis Road. Estimated cost Rs. 4 lacs. Copies of plans, conditions of contract, specifications and form of tender can be obtained from the office of the Planning Engineer at Electric House between the hours of 10-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m. on any working day; on payment of Rs. 30/- per set. 5620

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Mannesmann Poles will be received by the Stores Engineer Officer up to 12 noon on Tuesday, 13th September 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 5621

INDIAN PATENT RIGHTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Proprietors of Indian Patent No. 23095 dated 12th September, 1935 for "IMPROVEMENTS IN DELUSTRING AND WEIGHING TEXTILE MATERIALS", being desirous of exploiting the same in this country, are prepared to grant Licences for manufacture in India on reasonable terms. Full particulars may be had on application to—

REMFRY & SON,
Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys
CALCUTTA. 5624

NOTICE

THE PUBLIC are informed that on THURSDAY, the 1st September and TUESDAY, the 6th September, 1949, the following roads will be closed to vehicular traffic and reserved for public purposes between the hours of 3-30 p.m. and 9-00 p.m. on account of Ganpati Immersion days.

SANDHURST ROAD
from its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road to Chaupati;
CHAUPATTY
from the old level crossing to its junction with Babulnath Road;
HUGHES ROAD
from its junction with Sandhurst Bridge to its junction with French Road;
FRENCH ROAD
from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati back road;
HARVEY ROAD
from its junction with Chaupati to Chaupati back road;
VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD
from Cawasji Patel Tank to Sandhurst Road junction (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis when proceeding west i.e. towards Chaupati);
GIRGAUM ROAD
from Portuguese Church to Sandhurst Road junction;
MARINE DRIVE
from its junction with the road leading from the foot over bridge between Churchgate and Marine Lines Railway Station to its junction with Chaupati;
CHARNI ROAD
from Portuguese Church to its junction with Vithalbhai Patel Road shall be closed to east bound vehicular traffic (except for conveyances carrying Ganpatis).

Vehicles proceeding from Walkeshwar and Cumballa Hill towards the Fort and vice versa will proceed along the following roads:
WALKESHWAR TO FORT. via Walkeshwar Road, Babulnath Road, Hughes Road, Harvey Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum Road and New Queen's Road.
CUMBALLA HILL TO FORT via Gowalia Tank Road, Nana's Chowk, Over Frere (Grant Road) Bridge, Lamington Road and New Queen's Road.
FORT TO WALKESHWAR via New Queen's Road, French Bridge, French Road, Hughes Road, Babulnath Road and Walkeshwar.
FORT TO CUMBALLA HILL via New Queen's Road, Girgaum Road, over Kennedy Bridge, Nana's Chowk and Gowalia Tank Road.
CHAUPATI FOOT OVERBRIDGE. will be open to pedestrian traffic going towards the sea face upto 6-30 P.M. and all persons returning from the sea face before this time will proceed via Sandhurst Bridge: FROM 6-30 p.m. this bridge will be open only to persons returning from the sea face. All persons wishing to go to the sea face after 6-30 P.M. will proceed via Mathew Road and Sandhurst Bridge.
PARKING PROHIBITED. Parking of vehicles along Girgaum Road (Kennedy Bridge) north of Sandhurst Road on French Road from its junction with Chaupati to its junction with Sandhurst Bridge and along New Queen's Road is prohibited.

This order is made under the provisions of section 23(4) of the Bombay City Police Act, IV of 1902.

M. M. CHUDASAMA.
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 19th August, 1949. 5612

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

The DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 14-9-1949 for "Provision of 4 seated latrine and 10 seated urinal near the Meal shed on the west side of Matunga Workshops". The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Copies of drawings will be supplied on additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set. These sums will not be refunded. 5614

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDER NOTICE

THE TEST AUDIT OFFICER invites tenders for the supply of 4 to 4-1/2 tons of Monotype metal, required by the Municipal Printing Press. Tender form containing specifications, directions and conditions of contract etc., can be had from the Superintendent, Municipal Printing Press, Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1/- per copy Tenders should be submitted on WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1949, before 1 P. M. (B.T.).

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
T. V. DORAISWAMY,
Test Audit Officer,
Bombay Municipality. 5607

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. NAGESH VINAYAK JAYAKAR, the executor of the Will of Laxmibai, widow of Mothabhai Bapuji Talpade and Gajanan Bhawoji Vijayakar and Hirabai, wife of Dr. Nagesh Vinayak Jayakar, the Executor and Executrix respectively of the Will of Kashibai, widow of Anandrao Ganpatrao, all of Bombay have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim whatsoever against the said property are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of vacant land, situate at Gopi Tank Road, Mahim, Bombay, containing 500 Square Yards being a portion of the bigger Oart admeasuring 7538 Square Yards being Plot No. 9 of a Private Scheme, Cadastral Survey No. 590 of Mahim Division and G Ward Nos. 5668 (1), (2), (3) and 5669 (1), (1A) and Street Nos. 144, 144 (A), (B) and 61 and 61 A, and bounded on the East by the property of Bhaskar Hari Patil, on or towards the North by open access, on or towards the West by the property of the Vendors and on or towards the South by the property of Babaji Nana Tavde.

Dated this 30th day of August, 1949.

B. G. PANDIT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 5613

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The health-giving properties of Haliborange make it the finest tonic for children and adults. Its high vitamin content, derived from pure Halibut Liver Oil and oranges, will increase the resistance of the body and ensure that your children grow up with sturdy limbs and strong teeth.

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CLIVE BUILDINGS, CALCUTTA and CHAN NUR BUILDINGS, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, BOMBAY

A Deep Rot Has Set In Among The People

VINOBA BHAVE WARNS CONGRESSMEN

Carry Out The Mahatma's Constructive Programme

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A call to Congressmen all over the country to devote themselves to the constructive programme of Mahatma Gandhi and raised deteriorating moral standards of the country was made by Acharya Vinobha Bhave, a disciple of Mahatma Gandhi, addressing a gathering of Congress workers of the city at People's Jinnah Hall early this morning.

Acharya Vinobha Bhave said that if Mahatmajee were alive today, he would have been pained to see that a deep rot had set in the moral and ethical standards of the people. If freedom had any meaning, it was the moral upliftment of the people. Instead, the profit motive was the basic force that drove people to commit selfish acts Gandhiji control was introduced, he said by Government the confidence in business community betrayed. Mahatmajee would have been grieved to see that the mercantile community in this country had betrayed the trust reposed in them by Government and the people. Acharya Vinobha Bhave said that the mercantile community had gone back on their word of honour and had began to pile up huge profits at the expense of the poor people as soon as de-control was introduced by Government.

CONGRESSMEN'S DUTY

What was the duty of the Congressmen in these critical times? asked Acharya Vinobha Bhave. It was not to lose faith in the great mission undertaken by their departed leader and devote themselves to the constructive programme of the Congress with redoubled vigour. If the constructive programme had any significance, it was today when the country had faced such dark times. It was no use attacking Government off and on Government, he said, was only a machinery to run the administration of the country and Government thus reflected both the strength and weakness of the people, who ultimately shaped it.

Acharya Vinobha Bhave said that the Congress was carrying on the true heritage of Mahatma Gandhi in the international field by upholding the cause of oppressed people of the world. That was what Government did by supporting the cause of oppressed people of colonies and to that extent, Government was carrying on the sacred heritage of Mahatma Gandhi.

PROHIBITION

Referring to the prohibition policy of the Congress Governments, Acharya Vinobha Bhave said that what the Prime Minister of India had done was only making a suggestion. Pandit Nehru, he said, was only suggesting that prohibition programme should be slowed down because of economic reasons. He of course based his advice on the strength of economic experts, who did not consider the moral aspect of prohibition programme. Pandit Nehru, however, did not say that the prohibition programme should be abandoned altogether, he added.

Acharya Vinobha Bhave was welcomed by Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, who paid warm tributes to the services rendered by him to the country as a disciple of Mahatma Gandhi. He had served his Master with devotion and love of a true disciple, he said, Acharya Vinobha Bhave was also garlanded by Mr. Patil.

PROTECT THE COW

Later, Acharya Vinobha Bhave addressed a meeting of workers of the All-India Goseva Samiti (Cow Protection League) and stressed the importance of preserving the life of the cow, who played such an important part in the village economy of India. He said that the cow was worshipped from time immemorial in this country not because of her milk but because of the role played by her in the rural life of the people. He wanted all workers to devote themselves to this task so as to create an atmosphere where the people would voluntarily cease destroying the cattle wealth of the country.

Mr. M. S. Nadkarni, Deputy Chief Officer, Department of Banking Operation, Reserve Bank of India left by air with his wife on deputation to study banking in U. K.

LET THE WORKERS GET A HOLIDAY

Municipal By-Election

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Raja Kulkarni, Secretary, Mill Mazdoor Sabha, Bombay has written to the Government of Bombay and to the Millowners' Association that September 13 and 16 should be declared holidays to the mills to enable the workers to exercise their franchise in the ensuing bye-election of the Bombay Corporation.

The four bye-elections are in Lalbaug, Sewri, Lower Parel, and Love Grove constituencies where the majority of the citizens are textile workers.

The Mazdoor Sabha has also suggested that in order to avoid loss in production mills should be kept working on 11th and 18th of September 1949 which are Sundays.

Run Over By Train

BOMBAY, Wednesday (UPI):—A young Maharashtrian, M. Aramara, was run over by the Karjat local train and died immediately at Vithalwadi station, last night.

It is reported that the driver who noticed the accident said that the man threw himself before the train, when the train was entering the platform.

The police who arrived on the scene of accident took charge of the mutilated body and are makig investigations whether it was a suicide or an accident.

PROTECTION FOR SEWING MECHINES

Representation To Board

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The question of continuance of the protective duty on sewing machines beyond March 31, 1950 came up for consideration before a Panel of the Tariff Board consisting of Dr. H. L. Dey and Dr. B. V. Narayanaswamy Naidu, Members of the Board, on the 29th, 30th and 31st August, when they heard the viewpoints of the interests concerned.

It was claimed that, since the last inquiry into the industry, there had been an improvement in regard to the quality of the indigenous sewing machines as well as the availability of the requisite the materials within the country.

It was also pointed out that, although the actual production was estimated to be about 30,000 domestic models, the industry would be in a position to expand production so as to meet the entire demand (50,000 domestic and 25,000 industrial sewing machines) within the next two years.

The indigenous producers wanted continuance of the protective duty for a further period of two years as well as a restriction of imports.

HINDUSTANI EXAM. RESULTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following is the list of the successful candidates at the Quabil Examination held by the All-India Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Wardha in July 1949:—

First Class—191.

Second Class—49 95 114 125 139 152 165 192 194.

Pass Class—35 36 37 51 54 55 57 64 112 116 117 122 140 141 143 145 146 147 148 149 151 153 156 158 159 160 162 163 164 167 169 170 171 172 176 177 178 180 181 182 183 187 189.

The First, Second and Third Examinations conducted by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Bombay will be held on Saturday 15th October and Sunday 16th October 1949. The last day of receiving the Examination Forms is 20th September 1949.

IT IS EASY TO CRITICISE

S. K. Patil's Advice To Labour

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Speaking at a meeting of workers at Sewri, Mr. S. K. Patil exhorted them to try to understand the difficulties of the Government when levelling any criticism against it.

He illustrated how it was easy to criticise than to work. The opposition-ist groups, he pointed out, were exploiting any and every difficulty to their advantage with a view to seeking power.

He reminded the audience that Congress never sought power for itself but for the people of the country and as such it was the duty of the people to strengthen it and thereby strengthen the freedom of this country.

GRANTS-IN-AID CODE

Municipal Schools Body Approval

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee at its meeting today passed the revised Grants-in-Aid Code with certain modifications. The code will now come up for discussion before the Municipal Corporation.

The Socialist-sponsored amendments were defeated by the casting vote of Mrs. Sulochana Mody who presided.

Mr. M. V. Donde moved an amendment that the Chairman of the Committee should invite representatives of various aided schools to find out what they had to say about the rules embodied in the Code.

In moving the amendment Mr. Donde said: "Our attitude should be one of co-operation with these schools and not one of 'leave it or take it'".

The amendment was lost with the help of the chairman's vote.

Mr. M. Harris moved an amendment that only such proprietary schools which were run by charitable schools or educational societies should be given grants. This amendment was also narrowly defeated.

Another amendment suggested that the question of grants to proprietary schools should be decided by the committee after reviewing its departmental report. This was passed by a majority.

INDIAN CULTURAL MISSION RETURNS

Reception At Mole Station

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Indian Cultural Mission headed by Swami Advaitananda which toured East Africa during the last five months returned to Bombay today by S.S. "Cambala".

Swami Advaitananda and his eight colleagues were accorded a reception at Mole Station on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and other cultural organisations in the city. They were received by Mr. Ganpati Shankar Desai, General Secretary of the B.P.C.C., who garlanded Swamiji and welcomed him back to the city. Swamiji and his eight colleagues were also given a guard of honour of Congress volunteers.

Swami Advaitananda said that his tour of East Africa was very successful. East Africa, which had a large Indian population gave an enthusiastic reception to the Mission, he said. The Mission had succeeded in the task of bringing the two countries together and the cultural link thus established had been brought much closer, he added.

Automobile Employees Union

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The employees of about 32 Automobile Concerns of Bombay including Firestones have joined the Bombay Automobile Employees' Union which is affiliated to I.N.T.U.C. The present membership is nearly to the extent of 6,000 and in addition to this the factory workers of General Motors, numbering about 2,300 are also expected to join this union.

A dispensary will be opened under the auspices of Bombay Automobile Employees Union for the free medical aid to the members and their family on Dasara day. Dr. Ranjit M. Dholakia L.C.P.S. L.M.P., and Vaidyaraj Ravishangar Pandya will be attending patients in the dispensary.

The employees of the British Insulated Calendar Cables Ltd. had their Union for last 7 years under Red flag with a membership of about 700 employees. Mr. Jhabwala is the adviser of this Union. The members have now passed a resolution to affiliate their Union to I.N.T.U.C. in spite of the opposition from Mr. Jhabwala and they unanimously elected Mr. H. N. Trivedi and Mr. K. P. Rajadyaksha as President and General Secretary respectively of their Union.

ILLICIT DISTILLERY IN HEART OF CITY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A working still with other paraphernalia for the distillation of illicit liquor was unearthed by the police on Tuesday from the very heart of the city.

Hundreds of businessmen stood gaping when the police swooped down the room on the fourth floor of the Industrial Insurance Building, opposite the Church Gate Station. Along with the working still they seized ten gallons of wash and two bottles of illicit liquor. Aziz Mohmud who was found working the still, was arrested by the police.

The raid was carried out at the instance of Deputy Inspector Rajadhyaha of the city police.

On the same day prohibition police carried out a raid at Pond Gawthan at Vile Parle, and arrested Annie Sebastian who was found in possession of nearly 100 gallons of illicit liquor.

The police also raided certain premises at Dhobi Wadi, Thakurdwar, and arrested one Vasant Dattatriya for being in possession of ten bottles of Nasik whisky and three bottles of Nasik brandy.

Sub-Inspector Tawde of the Princes Street Police Station raided a house at Dhobi Wadi and arrested Sunderrao Baburao for selling methylated spirit. Seven gallons of spirit were seized from the place.

Govind Mahadev who had gone to the place with the intention of drinking spirit was arrested.

Externment Order

Pandu Fakira Patil, residing in Chendani, Koliwada Thana das ordered to be externed before September 5 outside the limits of Bombay City, Bombay Suburban and Thana districts by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate for an indefinite period.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 9, 2005.
Muslim: Zilkad 7, 1368.
Parsi: Gatha 4, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-24 a.m. Sunset: 6-53 p.m.
Hightide: 07-20, 18-36.
Lowtide: —, 13-32.

Today's Engagements

SAMMELAN OF CONSTRUCTIVE WORKERS: At Kora Gramodyog Kendra, Simpavali (Borivli) today, 3 p.m. Acharya Vinobha Bhave, presiding.

BOMBAY CITY SOCIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE: Meeting of Social Education Week Committee today, at Bhatia Mitra Mandal Bhuvan, Opp. G. P. O., 6 p.m.

Y. M. C. A. BRAINS TRUST: Today, at Y. M. C. A., 12, Wodehouse Road, 6-30 p.m.

SOCIALIST PROPAGANDA MEETINGS.

A series of propaganda meetings have been arranged by the Socialist Party (Bombay) in connection with the forthcoming municipal by-elections. The first meeting to be held Sewri Naka to be addressed by Acharya P. K. Atre and Mr. M. A. Harris, today, at 8 p.m.

"Kaiser-i-Hind"

The "Kaiser-i-Hind" "Newroze Number" issued on the eve of the Parsi New Year (Yezdezardi 1319) has some instructive articles from veteran writers, with charming photographs. The Editor in his retrospective and prospective survey strikes "Despondent Notes" about the future of the country.

Speaking about the Parsis he says: "The future of the Kom (community) is so closely knit with that of the country that major details clash with each other. While it is our predominant duty to merge outselves with the aspirations of the State, we would that the community preserves at present the integrity as far its charitable institutions are concerned. The action, in the light of present-day politics, greatly relieves the Government from more knocks at their door, and the community by looking after the welfare of their own kith and kin is indirectly helping the Government.

An exclusive article from G.B.S. captioned "My rules for play producers" in which "Shavian wit and irony, gleams between as well as in the lines" is the most notable among the highlights of the number which is priced at Re-1/8.

YAKUB
demonstrates How Love
turns one's head!
AEEYE
Sulochana Chatterjea,
Shanta Rin, Masud,
Directed and Produced by YAKUB
5th WEEK
NOVELTY
3-15, 6-15, 9-15, Sun. 12-30
A CHIRAWAWALA Release

LIFE IS ALL JOY
and so make
MERRY While You May
So have the FUN of
your life time in
I. A. Patel Productions:
CHANDA KI CHANDNI
REHANA
JAIRAJ, VEERA,
Director: DWARKA KHOSLA
Music: GYAN DUTT Songs: MADHOK
EXCELSIOR 3-30. 6-30, 9-30.
Booking 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7
MINERVA
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sat. Sun. 12-30
Booking 10 to 12
FROM FRI. 2ND
Also at
BROADWAY and KISMET
A JAISINH Release.

BRIBERY AND CHEATING DID NOT PAY

Sixteen Trapped In July

The Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. took action against 16 persons in July last. Four of them were dealt with for offences relating to bribery and corruption, two for cheating, five for carrying on a "racket" in the sale of cinema tickets, four for breach of the control order relating to supply of kerosene and one was externed from Greater Bombay under section 27(2A) of the Bombay City Police Act. The following are more important of these cases:

A Supervisor of the Bombay Municipal Licensing Department was "trapped" on July 13, for accepting an illegal gratification of Rs. 100 from a hawker for showing favour by transferring a licence to his name. The Superintendent has been suspended pending disposal of he charge of bribery against him.

A person who posed as a "social worker", and a Pathan were arrested on July 20 for obtaining a sum of Rs. 60 from a townsman on false representations of using their influence with certain Police Officers in order to persuade them not to interfere in the illicit liquor trade which was, allegedly, being carried on by him.

A Circle Inspector of the Government Milk Scheme was "trapped" on July 28 for accepting Rs. 20 as an illegal gratification from the Manager of a Milk Centre under threats of reporting adversely against him to his superiors.

A Sub-Inspector was "trapped" on July 29 while accepting a sum of Rs. 100 in marked currency notes from a townsman for showing favour in the execution of his official duties.

A lorry owner and driver and a commission agent were arrested on July 29 for supplying 20 drums containing about 900 gallons of kerosene to a party at Dondaicha, in West Khandesh District, with a permit, on January 3 last. Two other persons have also been arrested in connection with the same offence.

A Deputy Inspector has been suspended pending enquiry into certain allegations of corruption against him.

CONVICTIONS

Pukhraj Savalal was convicted under section 34 of the Bombay Moneylenders Act by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 300 in default to suffer one month's simple imprisonment.

Peter Pereira, who was arrested for an offence under section 381-109 I. P. C. (theft by clerk or servant of property in possession of master) has been convicted and sentenced to suffer two months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1000 in default to suffer four months' additional rigorous imprisonment by the Presidency Magistrate, 19th Court, Esplanade. Mohammed Hussain, who was arrested in connection with the same offence, was convicted and sentenced to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 1000 in default to suffer four months' further rigorous imprisonment. Keshavji Berajwalla who was arrested in the same connection for an offence under section 411-414-109 I.P.C. (dishonestly receiving stolen property and assisting concealment of stolen property) has been convicted and sentenced to suffer one day's simple imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 in default to suffer four months' rigorous imprisonment. He has further oeen convicted under section 182 I.P.C. and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 in default to suffer two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Dhonddeo P. Bapat, Assistant Rationing Inspector, Byculla Railway Station Kiosk, was convicted under section 161 I.P.C. (illegal gratification) and sentenced to suffer two months' rigorous imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 300 in default to suffer two months' further rigorous imprisonment by the Presidency Magistrate VIII Court, Esplanade.

Dattaram Tukaram, Ganpat Bhairu and two others were convicted under section 12 of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30/- or suffer two weeks' rigorous imprisonment each by the Presidency Magistrate 18th Court, Girgaon.

Pandurang Krishna Navare was convicted under section 5, 18 and 25 of the Bombay Moneylenders' Act and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 on each of the three counts by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Amichand Beraji Shah and Kaluram Amichand were convicted under section 5, 18 and 25 of the Bombay Moneylenders' Act and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 each separately on the three counts by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Shrikant Narayan, Ganpat Gopal Rasalkar and Rambihari Hiralal, who had been found selling cinema tickets on Lamington Road, were convicted under section 22-iv-02 (Bombay City Police Act.) The first two were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20 each and the third to pay a fine of Rs. 25 by the Presidency Magistrate, 18th Court, Girgaon.

Shamji Bhanji and Bhimji Hirji were convicted under section 116-161 I.P.C. for offering illegal gratification to certain Rationing Inspectors and sentenced to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment and pay a fine of Rs. 500 each in default to suffer four months' further rigorous imprisonment by the Presidency Magistrate VIII Court, Esplanade.

From TOMORROW
JAGAT Pictures
Romantic Tale
Starring:
REHANA
NIGAR
Roop Kamal
Haroon
and
RAJ
KAPOOR
Director:
SATISH
NIGAM
Songs:
MADHOK
Music:
GYAN DUTT

SUNEHRE DIN
From TOMORROW
NOVELTY
3, 6, 9 p.m.
Sat Sun. 12-30
Booking
10-30 to 12
& 4-30 to 6
SURYA
Parel
NEPTUNE
Bandra
ALLWYN
Kalyan
PRABHAT
Thana from 6th
RAMENDRA PICTURES
RELEASE

BONUS DISPUTE IN JAMSHEDPUR

Workers' Leader To Contact Directors

BOMBAY, Wednesday (PTI):—Mr. M. John, President of the Tata Workers' Union, Jamshedpur, and Vice-President of the I.N.T.U.C. said in an interview here today that he was meeting Mr. J.R.D. Tata, Sir Ardeshir Dalal, and Sir Jehangir Ghandy, Directors of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, to resolve the question of payment of bonus to the Company's employees.

Mr. John said that an offer of forty lakhs by way of bonus per annum had been made by the Company. Twenty-five percent of this sum was to be credited to the Provident Fund of the workers. The offer, however was not acceptable to the Union and he is now n Bombay to discuss matters with the Company directors in order to resolve the 'stalmate'.

Asked whether labour unrest in the country was caused by Communist influence, Mr. John said that it was not true. To a limited extent, Communist influence existed in certain localised areas down south and Bengal. But it was not confined to labour ranks only.

Mr. John arrived in Bombay last night, and is expected to return to Jamshedpur tomorrow.

EVACUEE PROPERTY IN BOMBAY

Rs. 10 Crores Worth Taken Over

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Evacuee property worth about Rs. 10 crores has been taken over by the Custodian of Evacuee Property in Bombay, following the promulgation of Evacuee Property Ordinance in May last, the United Press of India reliably learnt today.

The properties taken over consist of buildings, gardens and hotels.

RADIO

THURSDAY, Sept. 1.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee (Nagaswaram) 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 Manohar Karnik (Sarod) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Kantilal Patanwala Guj Bhajan 8-45 News (G) 12-45 p.m. 12-50 Musical Interlude 12-50 Kantilal Patanwala (Surdas) 1-3 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay—B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 On with the Dance 4-20 School Broadcast Talk in Marathi by B. V. Kale 5-0 Assam Merani (Ghazal) 5-15 Manohar Karnik (Sarod) 5-20 As in Bombay—B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Hirabai Javeri (Des) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Local 7-15 Manohar Karnik (Sarod) 7-30 Assam Merani (Ghazal) 7-45 Inst. Duet Gat Hanskinkini 3-0 Kantilal Patanwal (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay—B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay—B 10-0 Romeo and Juliet Symphony.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay—A 7-45 News 8-0 (K) Latafat Husain (Bhairaon) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Venubai Devasthali (Pad) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay—A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Rajaram Shukla (Bhairavi) 1-0 Olakhiche Soor 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Vanita Mandal 4-20 As in Bombay—A 5-30 Children's Half-hour 6-0 Rajaram Shukla (Tilak Kamod) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay—A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) -80 News (M) 8-15 Venubai Devasthali (Pad) 8-30 Book review (G) by Mansukh Lal Zaveri 8-45 'Hamara Parosh' Roopak (G) by P. M. Antia: 9-0 Hirabai Javeri (Sankirna Bageshree 9-30 Music by Bal Kudtarkar 9-45 Around Local Salons Review of art and artists by V. R. Amberkar 10-0 Latafat Husain (Sur Malhar).

BARODA: AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat-Bhairon 7-40 Indira Pendse (Khayal Vilambit and Drut) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Music Lesson 8-30 Geetika Hemant Kumar 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Rang Tarang 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Shahnai Duet 6-25 Sudha Lakhiya (G. Geeto) 6-35 Gramjano Mate (only) From Baroda 6-35 Majurbhaiyo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Film Fare 7-15 Shahnai Duet By N. Bhonsale and K. Bhonsale 7-30 Sudha Lakhiya (G. Geeto) 7-45 Achhutodhar (G) by Gatubhai Dhru 8-0 Madhur Geeto 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Listeners' requests by Bhikhu Munshi 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Saz Sangeet Gajananrao Joshi 9-30 Indira Pendse (Pad).

B. R. KAMDAR
Partner:

THE INDUSTRIAL STORES CO., Bombay, has left India by plane on Tuesday, the 30th August, 1949 for his extensive tour to England, France, Belgium, Sweden, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, Italy, Germany, Hungary and Norway, to establish new connections and expand business.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Aug. 31, (P. T. I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday.

The low pressure area over Saurashtra and Cutch and the East Arabian Sea off the Konkan coast is becoming unimportant. Conditions are probably becoming unsettled in the East Central Bay of Bengal.

Rainfall has been widespread in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, in and near Gujerat and in the Konkan and occurred locally in North-East India, Saurashtra, Malabar and the Madras Deccan.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF SEPTEMBER 1: Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and the South Konkan. Thundershowers will also occur locally in Orissa, Gangetic West Bengal, the East Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, the North Konkan, Mysore and along the east coast. Rainfall will decrease in Assam, sub-Himalayan, West Bengal and Gujerat.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain may commence in Malabar and the South Konkan within the next 48 hours.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours with total rainfall from June 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. (I. S. T.), on August 31, 1949:—

Abu 82 69 0 33.3 minus 16.1, Ahmedabad 98 80 0 18.4 minus 5.5, Bangalore 81 65 1.2 23.9 plus 12.2, Baroda 94 78 0.7 18.9 minus 9.7, Belgaum 80 68 T 17.6 minus 17.2, Bhuj 91 77 0.1 18.9 plus 8.2, Bhopal 93 77 0 21.2 minus 16.3, BOMBAY 87 76 1.9 57.4 plus 0.7, Cherrapunji 74 67 0.2 99.9 plus 27.5, Darjeeling 67 58 1.4 86.3 plus 2.7, Dehra Dun 87 73 0 52.1 minus 11.6, Devgad 83 75 0.1 43.9 —, Gaya 95 82 0 29.9 minus 4.6, Gorakpur 95 76 39 40.2 plus 5.3, Hanamkonda 80 76 0 25.5 plus 3.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 94 XX 0 15.6 minus 0.1, Indore 91 72 0 21. minus 3.3, Jaipur 98 90 0 14.3 minus 3.7, Jamshedpur 91 80 0.9 41.2 —, Jubbulpore 93 76 0 31.8 minus 11.6, Kanpur 86 82 0 19.7 minus 5.5, Khandwa 92 76 0 24.1 plus 2.5, Kodaikanal 63 54 0.1 21.1 plus 5.2, Kolhapur 83 71 T 16.7, Kurnool 89 75 T 12.8 plus 1.9, Mahabaleshwar 70 63 0.4 146.4 minus 74.7, Mussorie 67 72 0 44.7 minus 18.9, Mysore 85 68 T 9.3 plus 0.5, Nagpur 90 74 0 37.7 plus 2.9, Negapatam 88 79 0 73 plus 1.3, Nellore 92 78 0.16 16.4 plus 9.4, Ootacamund 67 56 0 15.9 minus 4.7, Pachmarhi 83 69 0 34.7 minus 2.3, Poona 88 73 0.1 9.5 minus 5.1, Rajkot 93 78 0.4 22.7 plus 2.9, Ranchi 88 74 0.1 44.8 plus 8.9, Chillong 73 64 0.2 39.4 minus 4.9, Sholapur 91 73 0.1 13.6 plus 0.7, Simla 61 58 1.0 35.2 minus 4.0, Surat 89 79 0 24.4 minus 9.1.

POONA MILL TO CLOSE DOWN

Government Can't Give A Loan

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A deputation of the management of the Raja Bahadur Motilal Mill, Poona, met Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister to the Government of Bombay at the Civil Secretariat, today.

The Collector of Poona and the Secretary of the Labour Department were present, when the deputation is said to have placed before Government the request that either financial assistance in the form of a loan against the accumulated stocks should be granted to the mill or that Government should purchase the entire stock, if closure of the mill which was to take place tomorrow, was to be averted.

As the discussions continued, the Minister for Civil Supplies, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai and the Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta, joined in the talks and after hearing the demands made by the management, the Ministers, it is understood, told the deputation that it was not possible for Government to accede to either of them.

Mr. Nanda is learnt to have, however, tried to persuade the deputation that the management should continue working of the mill for at least a month more by which time, in view of the measures already taken, Government expected the situation to improve. The deputation is said to have replied that they would consider Government's suggestion and convey their final reply by the evening.

It is learnt that in the afternoon the Labour Ministry was informed that the Mill had no alternative, but to close down from tomorrow as previously intimated by the management.

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THE WONDER FILM
of the DECADE
★

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Ad. Bkg. 10 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 6-30.
JAI HIND
(Byculla)
Ad. Bkg. 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.
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(B. B. Matunga)
Ad. Bkg. 10 to 12 & 2 to 6
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Extra Daily Matinee 12-30 at RIVOLI, JAI HIND & PARADISE.
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NOTE:—Patrons who have already bought tickets for Opera House will kindly note change in timings 3-30 instead 3 p.m. 6-30 instead of 6-15.

Our London Letter

MORE STAFF FOR INDIA HOUSE

Are The Appointments Necessary?

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON:— Two more information officers have been appointed by India House. But one asks are these appointments necessary? There is a demand for economy everywhere. Apart from this aspect, it is a well known fact that a few experienced publicists will do much better than a dozen indifferent bureaucrats.

While one recognises the ability and enthusiasm of the present head of the publicity department, one cannot say that one is impressed by its performance. The programme on Independence Day was not very flattering. The idea of reviewing the happenings of the year was a good one. But the review ought to have been published on or before Independence Day and not a few days after the occasion was over.

CINEMA HOUSE

In a couple of weeks, the India House cinema will be opened with due ceremony. I understand that only documentaries will be shown at the cinema. By having its own place, it will be possible for India House to show Indian films more frequently, and it is quite possible there may be regular weekly shows in the near future. But Indian producers like Barua and Sinha, who are at present in this country, are anxious to show their films. Already arrangements have been made to show Kismet and Jawab. But the India House projector will not be able to handle them. These will have to be shown outside India House. The officials of India House are doing everything possible to help the producers in the matter.

AMBULANCE

Some one mooted the happy idea of sending an ambulance as a gift to India on behalf of the staff of the India House. The idea has proved popular and funds are being collected It is expected that a sufficient amount will be raised to enable India House to buy an ambulance which will be marked for the use of refugees. Very likely the ambulance will be sent to East Punjab where the need for ambulances is believed to be great.

AGRICULTURE IN INDIA

When Mr. Matamaya Prasad Sinha, ex-President of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, now in London, arrives in India, he will have many bright ideas for those who are interested in India's food problem. He has been to America and Canada where he spent most of his time studying agricultural methods of those countries. He is deeply impressed by their methods, and would like India to adopt some of them.

What impressed him most was the co-operative agriculture in Canada. The co-operative farms in Canada are not very different from what they call collective farms in Russia. It is the co-operative system that enables even small estates to avail themselves of modern machinery. Mr. Sinh will visit Germany and Scandinavia before he returns to India. While in America, he addressed many meetings.

American audiences showed keen interest bit could not understand why Gandhi was killed They blame the Hindus for the murder of one who was their most cherished treasure. Anti-Nehru demonstrations in Calcutta, which were featured in American press, added to the confusion of mind.

LOAN TO INDIA

Foreign trade circles in New York, says an American correspondent have hailed the grant of loan to India by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development as making another milestone in the unfolding of the huge economic programme of the country....the loan was interpreted as reflecting increasing confidence in India's continued progress and as tangible evidence of the United States co-operation in aiding one of the world's last great markets in which enormous potentials for future mutual trade exists. "The New York Times" in its editorial points out that the loan is designed to help rehabilitate India's railway network which, the journal says, is "India's Number 1 famine fighter." Thus, according to the newspaper "the loan is direct use of capital to relieve distress and promote the development of undeveloped areas. It is Truman's Point four in action".

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Dr. Bhatnagar's speech at Lake Success on India's intensive programme of scientific research received prominent attention in the American press. Reporters in news columns stressed that "Indian scientists are taking over lavish palaces of the disappearing Maharajas and have turned drawing rooms and banquet halls into experimental laboratories". It is also noted that Nehru "personally heads the project of scientific research specifically designed to help the country on the road to industrial isation."

STERLING "GENEROSITY"

Sections of the British press continue to badger the Government for "the light-heartedness with which it was allowing India's blocked sterlings to be released." The Scotsman says "there is a good deal of justification for writing them down considerably". But it is fully aware that "any move to scale down the sterling balances will be met with strong resistance" The Scotsman recognises that the absence of any final settlement of debts carries the advantage of leaving them flexible with no long term undertaking to make fixed releases over definite periods, But it complains that "little benefit appears to have been derived from the fluidity of the position since the U.K. Government have yielded to pressure in making large releases at a time when the general situation called for restriction".

According to the journal the most powerful criticism of what it calls "undue liberality" is that large withdrawals add to the volume of "unrequited" exports since balances are used to obtain goods which provide no exchange to pay for corresponding imports. The result of such exports, s . the journal, is that labour and materials are employed in paying off debt without in any sense increasing the goods available for consumption in Britain. Why labour used for providing such export, asks Scotsman, could not be transferred to industries making goods with a prospect of selling. for dollars.

According to some correspondents the question of blocked sterlings may come up for discussion at Washington and it may be suggested to Britain to take into consideration the question of scaling down. This was requested under the terms of American loan to Britain.

Mr. B. K. Nehru, Joint Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Government of India left by air with his family to United States.

FREE LICENCES FOR NEWSPRINT

BOMBAY, Wednesday (PTI):—Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President, All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, has issued the following statement:

"As the President of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference I receive many enquiries from newsprint interests about the future import of newsprint. The position was somewhat obscure as O.G.L. 15, which included newsprint, has been cancelled and O.G.L. 16 did not include newsprint.

"I made a telegraphic representation to the Commerce Ministry and in reply I am assured that newsprint would be licensed freely for sterling areas and the provision for licence has been introduced to keep the Government informed of the exact amount of foreign exchange it is committed to in this behalf."

B. P. C. C. Enrolment Drive

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The enrolment drive launched by the Congress has been going on in the city. According to a directive received from the All India Congress Committee, the last date of enrolment has been postponed to October 31, 1949.

The B.P.C.C. therefore, appeals to the citizens of Bombay to take advantage of this and enroll themselves to the Congress as early as possible.

Alleged To Have Stolen Lorry

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Roopa Chela was arrested by the police on a charge of stealing a motor lorry worth Rs. 4,500 today.

It was stated at the Mazagaon Court this morning that Haridas Devchand the complainant in the case bought a motor lorry from Rajao Mohandas for Rs. 3,200 some time ago. The complainant entrusted the lorry to the accused and spent Rs. 1,300 for repairs. The accused told the complainant that he would go to the Motor Vehicle Department and get the lorry registered. But, instead, it was alleged that the accused disposed of the lorry to Hassanbhoy Sulemanji for Rs. 7,000. As the accused then made himself scarce, the complainant got suspicious and informed the Police. The accused was arrested this morning.

He was produced before Mr. M. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate and bailed out.

MONETARY DISPUTE ENDS IN STABBING

Victim Seriously Injured

Vendetta arising out of a former monetary dispute was the cause of a brutal stabbing affray that took place in a room on Hornby Road in the early hours of this morning.

Ramkrishna Vishnu, the victim of the attack and one of the inmates of the room who received serious multiple injuries on the right side of the chest is now lying in the G. T. Hospital in a precarious condition.

Muneshwar Singh Shankar Singh, the alleged assailant who resided in the same room along with the victim was arrested by the Palton Road police soon after the incident.

It is alleged by the police that there was a long-standing monetary dispute between the assailant and his victim who were at one time bosom friends of each other. both of them being employed as hotel boys in a hotel near Bori Bunder. They also lived in the same room.

After the dispute, however, Muneshwar Singh's attitude towards his companion changed completely. Slowly estrangement led to enmity and enmity deepened into vendetta This morning when Ram Krishna was sleeping, it is alleged, his room-mate attacked him with a knife and made good his escape.

The police further allege that after his arrest the assailant was caught redhanded, trying to inflict injuries upon himself by means of the same knife. He was however apprehended and put under arrest. Later, he is said to have admitted before the police that he had attacked the victim out of enmity, arising out of a former quarrel.

TIME FOR INDIA TO RECOGNISE ISRAEL

Aid Available To Solve Food Problem

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Mr. P. W. Pollack, Editor of "India and Israel", addressing a Progressive Group meeting at Green's Hotel this evening, said that the time had come for India to recognise the State of Israel.

Observing that there was much misunderstanding in India and other countries about the new-born State of Israel, Mr. Pollack pointed out that it was the genuine national urge and agitation of the Jews that led to the resurrection of their homeland in the same way as India fought her way to attain independence from Imperialist Britain.

He ascribed the delay in India's recognition of Israel to Pandit Nehru's "reluctance", although he admitted that several other factors stood in the way of India taking the step immediately. He, however, hoped that the misunderstandings would be cleared shortly as there was enough scope for the two countries to co-operate and work for the establishment of an Asian bloc which would strike a balance between the two Western power blocs.

Mr. Pollack said that Israel with its highly advanced scientific methods of agriculture would be able to help solve India's food problem. If so desired, India could avail herself of the services of agricultural experts from Israel and adopt scientific methods of agriculture to make the country self-sufficient in food.

Mr P. S. Gougey, Associate Editor of "The Jewish Advocate", recounted his experiences of his recent tour of Israel. He said that there was a striking similarity between the Jews and Indians in that both the peoples attached great importance to moral and spiritual values.

He found that Isrealites were keenly interested in India and her problems. The President of the Jewish State had assured him of all possible aid to India to solve her food problem.

CONCESSION TO SHOPS ON PATETI HOLIDAYS

Longer Hours Allowed

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Government of Bombay has suspended the operation of certain provisions of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948, on certain conditions for two days, September 2 and 3, 1949 on account of the Pateti Holidays, in respect of the shops selling fruit, sweetmeats, confectionery, eggs, poultry, cloth, clothing, hosiery, fancy goods, toys, novelties, Parsi New Years' cards, jewellery, flowers and sandalwood in the City of Bombay, the Poona Suburban Municipal Borough, the Poona Cantonment, the Ahmedabad Municipal Borough, the Ahmedabad Cantonment, the Nasik Municipal Borough, the Surat Municipal Borough, the Uran Municipal Area, the Bandra Municipal Area, the Bulsar Municipal Area and the Broach Municipal Area. Such shops in these areas will be allowed to remain open till 10 p.m. on these two days.

If any person employed in any shop is required to work in excess of the limit of hours of work specified in section 63 of the Act, he shall be entitled in respect of overtime work, which shall be noted in the register, to wages at the rate prescribed in section 63 (1) of the Act. The spread-over, however, shall not exceed 14 hours in any day.

Dr. Mukherji Arriving In City On September 9

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukherji, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, is arriving in Bombay by 'plane on Sept 9 to discuss with the Government of Bombay, the textile situation. He will be in the city for two days and leave on the 11th.

CREATE "LAND ARMY" TO HELP IN FOOD DRIVE

Socialist Resolution For Bombay Assembly

POONA, Aug. 31, (P. T. I): Non-official resolutions recommending the creation of a "Land Army" to help in the food drive and repeal of the Public Security Measures Act, and asking Government to go slow with their prohibition policy have been tabled by the newly elected Socialist members of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, which commences its monsoon session here from September 9.

These resolutions stand very low in the list, and it is unlikely that they will come up for discussion during the session here.

Asking the Government to create a "Land Army", Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, states in the resolution that without such an army the food production drive is not likely to succeed.

The same member has demanded the repeal of the Public Security A on the ground that there is no emergency now existing in the Province.

HOUSING SHORTAGE

In a third resolution recommending to Government to "go slow" with the prohibition policy Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas states that this is necessary in order to conserve the resources of the Province to meet urgent and essential expenditure on schemes of housing, education and employment and rehabilitation of refugees.

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New Life For Destitute Displaced Women

20 "HOMES" ESTABLISHED

NEW DELHI, August 31 (PTI): Ten thousand nine hundred and nineteen Muslim women and children were recovered in Indian Union as against 5,801 non-Muslim women and children in Pakistan territory up to the end of May, 1949, according to figures available here with the Government of India.

During seven months upto July, 1948 non-Muslim women and children recovered in Pakistan territory numbered 5,510. In subsequent 9 months only 265 recoveries were registered.

On the other hand, 9,423 Muslim women and children were recovered before August 1948 in Indian Dominion. Since then upto the end of April, 1949 the number of recoveries increased to 10,083.

STILL A LONGWAY

It is stated that there are over 40,000 names on the missing list of the Enquiry and Search Service Organisation of the Government of India. According to an official review, recovery from Pakistan in the past few months had been "very slow."

The search Service Organisation has so far facilitated the restoration of over 5,000 abducted women, traced over 12,500 missing relatives of displaced persons, and aided in the restoration to their relatives of 55 per cent of the unattached an unclaimed children photographed so far.

WORK DONE

The organisation was able to facilitate restoration of 120 women and children out of 140 women and children brought from Datial, in Kashmir, under the occupational control of Pakistan Forces.

Contact has yet to be established between over 8,000 unattached women and children and their relatives in India.

More than 9,000 non-Muslim abducted women and children have yet to be recovered from Pakistan. The Search Service Organisation has also to trace over 27,000 relatives still missing. These represent cases registered with the Organization while actual cases needing attention may, it is stated, be still larger.

TWENTY 'HOMES'

There are 9,133 non-Muslim, unattached women and children sheltered in 20 'Homes' spread over Bombay, Delhi, East Punjab Rajasthan and United Provinces, according to official figures vailable upto the end of April, 1949. Gandhi Vanita Ashram in Jullundur alone shelters 4,490, being the largest number in any 'Home' in India.

It is the policy of the Government of India that the destitute among the unattached displaced women and children should be provided, relief by Government. Government's plan is to give productive training to the women and children in various institutions.

TRAINING SCHEME

The Government of India had asked the Provincial and State Governments to make arrangements for collecting all destitute and unatached displaced women and children and to draw up schemes for their proper maintenance education and training. It was suggested that they should start special women's sections in their rehabilitation departments to look after the problem of women and children on the lines of the women's section functioning at the Centre.

Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru, Adviser on Women's Sections in the Rehabilitation Ministry, Government of India, recently toured Bengal, Bihar and United Provinces, in connection with organizing women's sections in these provinces. Special women's sections have already been formed in United Provinces, Bombay, Bihar and Bengal. Mrs. Nehru will, it is understood, co-ordinate the activities of these regional women's sections.

CRAFTS TAUHT

The programme of vocational training of destitute displaced women and girls includes training in tailoring, embroidery, spinning, weaving, fruit preservation, 'newar' and 'dury' making and soap making.

In addition, attempts are being made to provide a limited number of women and girls with opportunities for training as nurses, midwives, 'dais' teachers of all grades for rural and urban schools, typists, stenographers, and domestic servants.

Displaced destitute women and children have been placed under four categories, old and disabled women, young women above the age of 18 years, boys and girls above seven, and children of seven or below

GOVT. POLICY

Government has laid down certain principles to be followed regarding the 'Homes'. In general, a 'Home' with four sections suitably staffed and equipped for all the categories is preferred. The inmates will be encouraged to live as members of one community and have a common kitchen.

For old and disabled women, the 'Home' will have an infirmary section. Spinning or other simple occupations, as part or full time activity, will be provided for.

The young women will be housed in a separate section. Their training will depend on whether they are to be fitted ultimately into a rural community or prepared for urban life.

Children below seven who have their mothers residing in the 'Homes' will be permitted to live with their mothers. Nursery clases and kindergartens will be provided for this age group. For children between seven and fourteen, basic education will be combined with vocational training. Those among them with special aptitude for higher literary education will be given facilities in public or private institutions for such education.

The Delhi Provincial Women's Section had been running four women's 'Homes' at the end of April, 1949, namely, Satnaraian Home, Labore Sheds Home, Rambagh Home and the Aged Women's Home at Mehrauli.

Work and relief centres with 1,204 trainees and 1,772, wage earners were functioning in Delhi. The inmates in the Bal-Niketan and Gram-Sewika-Kendra numbered 325, children and 100 Gram Sewikas. The Section had also started a Nurse Bureau for helping nurses in securing employment and for imparting training to 50 girls at Government expenses at the Lady Hardinge Medical College, New Delhi.

Five seats for a two-year course of midwifery training at Wardha have also, been sanstioned at Government cost by the Rehabilitation Ministry.

The Delhi Provincial Women's Section continued its activities through its Employment Bureau and Marriage Bureau in finding jobs for displaced women and in helping in the marriage of those who desired it.

Fined For Bringing Bottle Of Whiskey Into The City

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Pokarmal Ketanmall, a director of the Digvijay Steamship Company of Shikarpur, who was arrested on August 22, 1949 as he got off the Frontier Mail from Delhi, for being in possession of one bottle of whisky, was sentenced to Rs. 1,000 fine and one day's S.I. by Mr. Nimasi at the Esplanade Court, last evening.

The accused stated that he was a chronic sufferer from gastric troubles, and whisky gave him some relief. He was also not aware of the prohibition laws in force in the province, as otherwise he would not have brought liquor into the city.

Attention, Motorists

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Motorists using Queen's Road and New Queen's Road between 5-30 p.m. and 7-0 pm. should invariably drive on the right hand side of the road if they wish to proceed towards Lamington Road, and, conversely, use the left hand side of the road if they wish to turn on to Sandhurst Bridge

They are also informed that Queen's Road will not operate as one-way between 5-30 p.m and 7-0 p.m. on September 1 and 6 due to the immersion of Ganpati images at Chowpatty.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
TEXTILES SPECIAL TENDER NO. 9.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase and removal of the following surplus textile, leather and garniture stores.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms which can be had from Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta/Kanpur/Bombay and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set in cash or money-order. Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, instructions to tenderers, tender opening date, conditions of sale, conditions of export of rot-proofed Sand Bags and inspection permit.

Tenders should be addressed to Director General of Disposals, Textile & Leather Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 27th September 1949.

All tenders must be accompanied by a Reserve Bank of India/Imperial Bank of India 'Deposit at Call Receipt' or Treasury Chalan for 10% of the price offered. Claims of earnest money adjustment against previous deposits will not be entertained and offers without fresh deposits are liable to be ignored.

ALL QUANTITIES GIVEN BELOW ARE APPROX.

LOT 1.—7720 Nos. Sheets Ground Chinese located at I.A.O.C. Ord. Rep., Budge Budge. Reserve price Rs. 2/8/- each. Bids for lot.

LOT 2.—1,00,000 Nos. Tents I.P. Bivouac Mosquito Proof Flies located at Ordnance Depot Dehu. Bids for a minimum quantity of 10,000 Nos.

LOT 3.—13,19,000 Nos. Rot-proofed Sand Bags located at various Jute Mills at Calcutta. Bids for a minimum quantity of 50,000 Nos.
(Export will be allowed for this item.
See condition in tender form.)

LOT 4.—69,573 yds. of Canvas Union Cotton Jute Scoured 24" located at Branch Gun & Shell Factory, Dum Dum. Reserve price -/12/- per yard. Bids for the lot.

LOT 5.—1971 yds. of Cloth Collar white located at 205 B.O.D., Panagarh. Reserve price Rs. 4/- per yard. Bids for the lot.

LOT 6 &— 1609 yds. and 148 yds. of Cloth Collar white located at H. & S.
LOT 7. Factory, Kanpur. Reserve price Rs. 4/- per yard. Bids for each lot.

LOT 8.—6100 Nos. Canadian Cotton Parachutes 18 feet dia. located at R.I.A.P. Station, Kanpur. Bids for the lot.

LOTS 9.—17.—39722 Nos. Nylon and Silk Parachutes located at R.I.A.P. Station, Kanpur. The reserve prices range from Rs. 15/- each to Rs. 45/- each, according to the material and also to the diameter of the parachutes which vary from 10 ft. to 32 ft. (Details are given in the Tender Form).

LOT NO. 18.—15265 lbs. Tanned Leather located at H. & S. Factory, Kanpur. Bids for the lot.

LOT NO. 19.—2500 gross Buckles Brass 1" with loop located at C.O.D., Chheoki. Reserve price -/15/- per gross. Bids for the lot.

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,
NEW DELHI.

DeMello Writes New Chapter In Bombay's Athletics

TUNING UP OF B.P.O.A. AND FINDING OF NEW FIELD

By Our Special Correspondent

BOMBAY'S torrential rains did not prevent Mr. A. S. DeMello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket and Secretary of the newly formed National Sports Board of India from tackling one of Bombay's most ticklish problems. Athletics is in the frying pan at the moment and Mr. DeMello as President of the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association met Bombay's Athletic officials and learnt from them about the B.P.H.A. ground and its suitability for use as permanent field for Athletics.

Mr. A. S. DeMello arrived from Madras yesterday and immediately contacted Mr. Ullal Rao, who is an adviser to the B.P.O.A. and discussed with him what were the openings and needs of athletes in Bombay. Mr. DeMello as everyone knows by now claims Cricket as his second religion, but athletics also occupies a corner of his heart. We cannot blame the President of the B.P.O.A. from doing very much in the field of athletics when Bombay's affiliated Clubs have adopted a non-chalant attitude towards the parent body.

A S. DeMello.

Tomorrow morning Mr. DeMello will visit the B.P.H.A. ground with Bombay's Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai and the P.W.D. Minister, Dr. Jivraj Mehta and impress upon them the need for converting the vacant plot of the B.P.H.A. for the use of Athletics only. There is very little doubt that with no available space for Bombay's athletics to practice on, this will be considered favourably. Also there will be no ground available for the holding of competitive sports meets as the Cooperage, which used to be devoted for athletics after the football season will now be used for hockey. The Stadium will only be accessible after the cricket season.

Something additional will be presented to our women athletes in the nature of a jumping pit at the Wellington Gardens off Wodehouse Road which belongs to the Municipality, as well as the training ground at Victoria Gardens, already being used by the Juniors. Mr. DeMello will visit these places along with the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel and it is no doubt that Bombay's popular Mayor will bless this urgent need with his wholehearted support.

It is fitting at this point to mention that 35 of Bombay's leading Women Athletes have already set the ball rolling by the Municipal Commissioner about making a small corner of the Wellington Lines Garden available for a jumping pit. The initiative in this direction had been taken by Miss Pat Mendonca, Bombay's champion woman athlete.

Very soon before Mr. DeMello leaves for the Capital he will hold a meeting of the B.P.O.A. to consider recognition of the Junior and Senior Bombay records and to bring them up to date both in Men's and Women's class. Then there are the records of the newly formed juniors athletes that need recognition officially as this body is affiliated to the B.P.O.A. The first to be so recognised is the High Jump record of Harbachan Singh created at the first B.J.A. meet at Victoria Gardens on May 30th. Singh jumped 5 feet 4-1/4 inches. Then there is the Hurdles record of 16.8 seconds registered by Hubert Biggle.

An important step in the right direction will be taken, when the B.P.O.A. will decide to have a qualifying standard for all athletes taking part in the All-India games. The standards will be fixed and only those who strictly come within the standard figures will be allowed to participate. This will certainly raise the standard of the athletes and athletics.

The new grounds—B.P.H.A. one and the track at the Brabourne Stadium will be permanently marked for all events and also it must be mentioned that the Stadium will only be available after the final test match against the Commonwealth Cricketers, that is December 20. Special interest will be taken to see that the Hockey ground will be thrown open to athletes of Bombay in general, and not to individual institutions. It will be the training ground for the common individual.

What Bombay will mostly benefit by is the idea to fully equip this new ground with all modern athletic paraphernalia, such as high jump uprights, hurdles, etc. Mr. De Mello will by his strenuous work lay the foundation of a new era in Bombay's athletics.

Inter-College Swimming

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Inter College Swimming Competition will be held at the Pransukhlal Mafatlal Hindu Swimming Bath on the 24th and 26th September starting at 3 p.m. each day.

The following are the events to be held for the Competition.

FOR MEN

100 metres Free Style
400 metres Free Style
1,500 metres Free Style
200 metres Breast Stroke
100 metres Back Stroke
Free Style Relay (4 x 1)
Medley Relay (3 x 1) (Back Breast and Free).

Diving (Six Voluntary Dives)

FOR WAMEN

100 metres Free Style
50 metres Free Style
50 metres Breast Stroke
50 metres Back Stroke
Diving (Four Voluntary Dives)

One good move which the University Authorities have taken is to restrict the number of entries from each college for any one event to only three competitors.

However this good move been offset by two introductions which may not agree with the ethical code of a sportsman The University Authorities have decided that the 1500 metres race shall be over as soon as the first three competitors complete the course. This is difinitely not in the spint of sport. If every compititors entered the race with the idea of winning it then there would be no competition as such and this rule saying that the race will be over as soon as the first 3 competition complete the cherse is definitely not giving the rest of the competitors a fair chance.

Another innovation is that in the case of heats in any event a general lraw will be held without seeding any competitors.

This move will be unfair if 4 good swimmers come in one heat and only the first two are to be chosen for the finals. The interest in the finals will be lost.

The last day for entries is the 15th September 3 p. m.

BOMBAY BILLIARDS LEAGUE

C. C. I. Narrowly Beaten By Bombay Gymkhana

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following are the results of the matches played during the week ending 28th August in the Bombay Provincial Billiard's League:

South Zone

P.J. Hindu Gymkhana 'A' (plus 40) beat A.C.C. Sports Club (plus 180) 840-595;

Bombay Gymkhana 'A' (plus 20) beat Cricket Club of India (-10) 746-724;

Islam Gymkhana 'A' (-110) beat Parsee Gymkhana (-10) 612-409.

West Zone

Bombay City Police Club 'A' (-30) beat Islam Gymkhana (plus 30) 770-443;

P.J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B' (plus 100) beat Bombay Gymkhana (plus 40 (890-711);

Merchants' Club (plus 90) beat Tata Sports Club (plus 70) 786-780.

Central Zone

Times of India Sports Club (plus 120) beat Bombay City Police Club 'B' (plus 120) 816-723;

Bombay Port Trust Sports Club (plus 140) beat Post Office Recreation Club (plus 110) 838-797;

YY.M.C.A. (Byculla) (plus 50) beat Y.M.C.A. (Proctor) (-40) 764-645

North Zone

G.I.P. Rly. Institute Byculla (plus 10) beat Dadar Club (plus 160) 767-749;

Dadar Parsee Colony Gymkhana (plus 80) beat Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana (plus 60) 773-713;

Matharpacady Club (plus 90) beat Mysore Association (plus 250) 871-705.

Results of the match between Bandra Gymkhana and G.I.P. Rly. Mech Institute Parel not yet received.

Twenty-Two Acceptors For St. Leger

LONDON, Aug. 31. (PTI-Reuter): All the leading public fancies for the St. Leger have been left in the race which is to be run over one mile, six furlongs and 132 yards at Doncaster on Saturday, September 10.

There are 22 final acceptors of a total of 445 original entries as announced today for this year's final classic which is worth £17,760. Last year the race was worth £18,080, the richest prize ever contended in Britain.

The acceptors are: Marvell 11; Donington; Swallow Tail; Ugongo; Krakatao; Epatant; Dust Devil; Hindostan; Moondust; Barnes Park; Royal Forest; Grey Tudor; Laissez Passer 11; Forethought; Peter Flower; Ridge Wood; Boisson; Royal Empire; Mon Chatelain; Lone Eagle; Musidora; Unknown Quality.

Channel Crossing On Wednesday

CAP GRIS NEZ, Aug. 31. (UPA): Abdul Monain Abdou, 26. Egyptian swimmer, Wednesday, postponed his attempt to swim the English Channel when the boat that was to have shephered him over the treacherous tides of the Channel did not appear on time. He may start his swim tonight.

Egyptian Abdel Monain Abdou announced he would attempt the channel at high tide Wednesday afternoon if favourable weather continues.

CHARLES TO FIGHT JOE MAXIM IN NOVEMBER

N.B.A. World Heavyweight Boxing Title

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30. (PTI-Reuter): Promoter Sam Becker announced today that Ezzard Charles would defend his National Boxing Association World Heavyweight baxing title against Joe Maxim, of Cleveland, here in November.

The contract was being signed either tonight or tomorrow but in New York, Jim Norris, President of the International Boxing Club, suggested that there would be a battle over Charles services.

"We have a contract for the services of Charles that runs for a number of years and this announcement is news to us. We plan one or more matches for Charles this winter ourselves".

MOHAN BAGAN OBJECT

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (PTI): For the first time in the history of the tournament, the final for the I.F.A. Shield will be played this year on a Monday, September 5. This match has always been played on a Saturday.

There was a proposal that the match should be played on Sunday for the convenience of the public, but Mohan Bagan is understood to have objected to this proposal as one of their players, T. Aao, the Olympic Captain, being a Christian, would not be able to play on Sunday.

NEW ZEALANDERS IN PICNIC MOOD

Batting Order Reversed And Ten Bowlers Tried

GUILDFORD, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter) —H. Malcolm, the South Hampstead batsman, scored 105 not out for Club Cricket Conference in their one day match against the New Zealanders which ended today in a draw.

Conference scored 217 for six wickets declared and the New Zealanders replied with 124 for seven before rain ended play.

In picnic game the New Zealanders used ten bowlers and pratically reversed their batting order.

TWO PROVINCIAL TITLES FOR KUMAR GHOSH

Sampat Goes Down Fighting In Singles Final

THAKERSEY WINS BOTH JUNIORS EVENTS

(By Our Table Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

SEVENTEEN-YEAR old Dilip Sampat gave Kumar Ghosh the Indian international table tennis star the time of his life, when the two met in the final of the singles event in the Bombay Provincial Table Tennis Championships this evening, and came very near to being the youngest player ever to win the provincial title. In the words of Mr. Justice Chagla, who presided, Sampat fell fighting gallantly. No truer words could have been spoken in connection with the final today, which went to the full length of five games. Later on Kumar Ghosh won the second title of the tournament, when in partnership with D. H. Kapadia he won the men's doubles final.

Sampat who sports a correct style for his one-flank attack, the forehand, started off well and winning the first game after being at one stage 14-18 down, and confounded all critics of the game and more so Kumar Ghosh himself by winning the second as well. Kumar Ghosh had to bring out all he knew to stem the tide, and defending heroically in the difinitely not in the spint of sport. If every compititors entered the race with the idea of winning it then there would be no competition as such and this rule saying that the race will be over as soon as the first 3 competition complete the cherse is definitely not giving the rest of the competitors a fair chance.

Another innovation is that in the case of heats in any event a general lraw will be held without seeding any competitors.

This move will be unfair if 4 good swimmers come in one heat and only the first two are to be chosen for the finals. The interest in the finals will be lost.

The last day for entries is the 15th September 3 p. m.

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Bombay table tennis.

There was still more success to come by Kumar's way. Playing the best combination in Bombay table tennis circles, Khanchand and Dyer, in the final of the doubles event, Kumar Ghosh won the second title of the tournahent.

Young Sudhir Thakersey, who yesterday won the junior doubles, added yet another title to his bag. Playing against the holder of the title, Mulla, Sudhir won a clever match against Mulla.

A tactical blunder on the part of B. A. Laljee in the third and fourth games of the mixed doubles event, probably cost Patkar and Miss Dharap the mixed championship. As it is they lost to Khanchand and Miss Walawalkar in four games.

The following are the results of the FINALS of all the events:

MEN'S SINGLES
(Holder: U. M. Chandarana, not defending).

Kumar Ghosh beat D. P. Sampat, 20-22, 15-21, 21-15, 21-15, 21-17.

MEN'S DOUBLES
(Holders: U.M. Chandarana and R. M. Khatau, not defending)

Kumar Ghosh and D. H. Kapadia beat H. M. Khanchand and O. Dyer, 23-21, 21-14, 21-19.

WOMEN'S SINGLES
(Holder: Mrs. G. Nasikwala)

Mrs. G. Nasikwala beat Mrs. B Cama 21-17, 21-9, 21-9.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES
(Holders: Mrs. M. Gajendrasingh and Miss R. Shroff)

Miss J. Walawalkar and Miss S Dharap beat Mrs. M. Gajendrasingh and Miss R. Shroff, 23-21, 21-8, 12-21, 21-13.

MIXED DOUBLES
(Holders: Vittal and Miss R. Shroff, not defending)

H. M. Khanchand and Miss J. Walawalkar beat B. A. Laljee and Miss S Dharap, 14-21, 21-15, 21-19, 21-15.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES
(Holder: N. N. Mulla)

S. K. Thakersey beat N. N. Mulla 21-19, 21-16.

JUNIOR'S DOUBLES

S. K. Thakersey and I. R. Joosab beat A. R. Amin and S. Julundhwala, 21-16, 22-20.

The following are the winders in the various division of the Provincial Table Tennis League run by the B.P. T.T.A.:—

DIVISION I: Parsee Gymkhana.
DIVISION II (North): Khatau Sports Club.
DIVISION II (South): 'Times of India' S.C.
DIVISION III (North): P.I.P Railway 'A'.
DIVISION II (South) Grant Medical College.

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter)—The following are today's cricket close of play scores:—

AT SCARBOROUGH

Yorkshire vs M.C.C.

Yorkshire 429 (for eight) (Hutton 147).

AT BOURNEMOUTH

Hampshire versus Essex.

Hampshire 305 for 8 (Rogers 106).

AT HOVE

Sussex vs Surrey

Sussex 321 (for six) (John Langridge 92, Sheppard 138).

AT FOLKSTONE

Kent versus Lancashire.

Kent 344 (Ames 119, Roberts 5 for 67).

"VIZZY" ON STATUS OF COMMONWEALTH TEAM

BENARES, August 31 (PTI).—The Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, President of the United Provinces Cricket Association said here today that 'an intriguing but an interesting point' has arisen with regard to the status of the visiting Commonwealth Cricket team.

He said it was intriguing because it was difficult to give an exact definition of "first-class". The term was "elastic" and "debatable".

If "first-class" is to be considered in the highest sense then could belong to that category. The West Indies could also be given that rank since they have won the rubber twice against England and India.

The Commonwealth team, "vizx" said was entitled to "first-class" status. The team contained five members playing in first-class cricket in England and Australia and the rest though presently playing in the Lancashire League, had played for their countries, counties or states not long ago.

He said the fact the team does not represent any one country should not prejudice the Imperial Cricket Conference to whom the status affair was reportedly likely to prove a "real" problem.

The conference, he said should not look from a narrow point of view just because the team cannot be called after any particular dominion, and should in fairness both to the members of the team and India, give it status which it is morally entitled to and not merely give it second place on technical grounds".

MOHAN BAGAN BEAT DELHI HEROES

Semi-Final Of I. F. A.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31 (PTI)—Mohan Bagan beat New Delhi Heroes by four goals to one in the second semi-final of the I.F.A. Shield Tournament here today.

Mohan Bagan will meet East Bengal in the Final on September 3.

Mohan Bagan crossed the penultimate hurdle in a bid to annex the I.F.A. Shield for the third time in succession at the expense of the New Delhi Heroes this evening by four goals to one. The match was played in aid of charities. At half time the score was 1-1.

In the eighth minute Mohan Bagan opened their account through right out, Rashid who, getting a pass from right inside Guha Thakurta, sent the ball into the goal.

Delhi fought back with commendable courage and equalized in the thirteenth minute. Left out, Thapa passed to centre forward Nathu who hit the Mohan Bagan left back, D. Pal, with the ball. The deflected ball in its turn travelled freely in the wide gap between the goalie and the back. Dharam Veer the right out connected it before the golie could take stock of the situation and scored. Mohan Bagan came all over in the second half and Rashid scored the second goal in the eighth minute. Centre forward Selim scored the last two goals in the eleventh and twenty-third minute respectively.

KAVARANA'S BRILLIANT PERFORMANCE

Bad Day For Elphinstone In Collegiate Badminton

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Elphinstonians fared disastrously this evening in the semi-finals of the collegiate Badminton Championships. From the results of today's matches it is evident that Ruia College has strong hold on the championships and unless something extraordinary happens, they are sure to regain the trophy which they have lost last year.

In one of the most thrilling matches ever witnessed in the Collegiate Badminton Championships. Kavarana and Wagh surprised their most ardent supporters when they prevailed over the Elphinstonian Mahesh Desai and Vinayak Desai by the narrowest of margin.

Kavarana was the hero of the match and this evening he showed that how dangerous he can be when the odds are against him. He received a very fine support from his partner, who played the most inspired game of his career so far. After losing the first game at 15-10, they rallied brilliantly to beat their opponents in the next two games. In the other semi-final Bhopardikar and Kamath from Ruia College accounted for Shums and Dhongade from Elphinstone College in straight games.

Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Miss Kanga have entered the finals of the women doubles, where they will meet Xavierities sMis Tehmi Vakeel and Babette Saldhana.

Ruia have definitely an upper hand in the championships as they have entered four finals, while in the Ladie's Singles Miss Nigudkar has entered the semi-final Elphinstonians are now left in only three events Ladies' Singles Doubles and mixed.

Following were the results:

MEN'S DOUBLES

SEMI-FINALS:— Podar 'A' (Ardeshir R. Kavarana and S. G. Wagh) beat E. C. and R. I. S. A. (Mahesh P. Desai and Vinayak P. Desai) 10-15, 15-10, 17-15; Ruia 'A' (Manohar K. Bhopardikar and P. A. Kamath) beat E. C. and R. I. S. 'B' (Nazim H. Shums and Dattatreya N. Dhongade). 15-11, 15-10.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

SEMI-FINALS:— St. Xavier's 'A' Miss Tehmi H. Vakeel and Miss Babette Saldhana) beat E. C. and R.I.S. 'B' (Miss Sushila D. Rege and Miss Vasumati Oak), 15-9, 15-12, E. C. And R.I.S. 'A' (Miss Sindhu Phansalkar and Miss Mini Kanga) beat Ruia 'A' (Miss Sumitra Nigudkar and Miss G. Tarapore) 15-10, 15-4.

MIXED DOUBLES

SEMI-FINALS: E. C. And R.I.S. 'A' (Mhesh P. Desai and Miss Sindhu Phansalkar) beat St. Xavier's 'A' (Oswal De Alves and Miss Tehmi Vakeel), 15-6, 15-4, Ruia 'A' (Manahar K. Bhopardikar and Miss Sumitra Nigudkar) beat E. C. and R.I.S. 'B' (Dattatreya N. Dhongade and Miss Vasumati Oak), 15-14, 15-4.

Indian Lingiad Team To Tour Europe

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter). —The Indian Lingiad team which took part in the world Congress of Physical Culture in Stockholm recently will spend next month touring Denmark, Germany and Switzerland.

The team is giving displays at Copenhagen, Gerley, Allerup, and at Odense, where the Magistracy has granted 500 Crowns (25 Sterling) towards the Indian team's expenses.

They are visiting Germany at the invitation of Dr. Carl Diem, General Secretary of the 1936 Olympiad in Berlin and will give demonstrations at Flensburg, Hamburg, Arnsburg, Wiesbaden, Frankfurt, Stuttgart and Munich between September 5 and 16.

Later the team will go to Switzerland where further displays in prominent Swiss towns have been arranged.

They are expected to reach London by the end of the month and leave for India early in October.

TURNER MEMORIAL CUP FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Slippery underfoot conditions spoiled what would have otherwise been a thrilling match, when Aldona S.C. and Candolim S. Club shared two goals in the preliminary round of the Turner Memorial Cup at the Brabourne Stadium on Wednesday evening.

The game was more or less evenly contested throughout, but Aldona who scored in the fifth minute through M. Fernandes had the better advantage until midway of the second half when J. DeSouza restored equality for Candolim. Both the goals were thereafter tested in turn but Walter de Souza for Aldona and Lucian Fernandes for Candolim pulled their respective sides in several occasions from tight corners.

Inter-Railway Football Final Postponed

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (PTI): The replay of the second semi-final of the All-India Inter-Railway Football tournament, will take place tomorrow between B.B.C.I. and Port Commissioners, Calcutta.

The winners will meet the G.I.P. Railway in the Final on September 3

The Final was originally scheduled to be played tomorow but had to be delayed due to a number of drawn games in the preliminary rounds.

PRESSMEN WIN EASILY

H. V. M. Cup Football

BOMBAY, Monday.

Times of India S. C. easily accounted for Young Challengers by three goals to nil in the H. V. M. Cup Tourney this evening at the St. Xavier's Ground Parel.

Good soccer was at a discount due to the atrocious ground and the players had difficult time in trying to keep on their feet and at the same time propel the ball.

Times were the superior side and had matters much their own way with the result that they confined play to their opponents half but the slippery ground apt to play tricks and smart work by Prabhan under the Young Challengers crossbar prevented the Pressmen from winning by a bigger margin.

The Times took the lead midway through the first half through Fernandes who netted with a long shot. Five minutes afterwards L. Rego scored the pressmen's second goat following a fine solo move by him At the recess the Times led by two goals to nothing and soon after the resumption L Rego scored again to put Times three up. Young challengers made determined attempts to reduce the margin as play drew to a close but they were failed by a sound rival defence.

In the earlier game in the same tournament Air Services of India XI beat the third string of St. Xaviers by four goals to one. Gode a hat-trick and Peter for the winners while S. D'Souza reduced the margin of defeat for the Collegians.

The match between Volkat Bros. and Young Aryan Goans resulted in a walk-over for the former as the latter failed to put in an appearance in the Second Division of the Harwood League.

HUTTON COMPLETES 3,000 OF SEASON

SCARBOROUGH, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter)—Len Hutton, Yorkshire and England opening batsman, when reaching 54 against M.C.C. today, completed 3,000 runs in a season for the first time in his career.

TRADES LEAD, BUT MATCH ABANDONED

Maxy Fernades Performs Hat-Trick

BOMBAY, Monday.

Trades and Burmah Shell met this evening in the Western India Championships semi-final round and it was a lucky day for Shell for six minutes before the close of time referee Uchil blew up and the match was abandoned due to poor visibility on a continuously rainy day.

The honours of the 54 minutes of play were showered on Trades left outer Maxy Fernandes who scored three of the seasons best goals and performed the hat-trick. Ganesh was outstanding in the Shell attack and scored the opening goal in the 1st minute of the second half. Santiago, in Shell's goal gave another of his polished performances although he returned to this station after a long time.

The first period of play saw Trades dominate the exchanges and it was unlucky for them that no result accrued. Laloo tried early in this period but his shot sailed over the cross bar and soon he tried again but once again he shot wide.

A few minutes later, Laloo was let alone when he handled the ball in the penalty area of Burmah Shell by Referee Uchil and this was lucky for Shell for Laloo was prevented in time from scoring. A fine effort by Thomas from 25 yards outside just went outside by inches and Santiago made a grand effort to collect the ball but failed. The score board was blank up to half time.

In the very first minute of play Burmah Shell from a fine effort by Ganesh and off a pass from Rego he ran through on his own and outwitted the entire defence to open Shell's account. Waman in goal dived but fruitlessly.

Trades were on the war path but their attack was well stopped by Shell's defence. A free kick taken by Parab about 40 yards out resulted in Santiago putting the ball outside the goal line and from the corner no positive result came through.

Thomas should have put Trades on equality five minutes later off a pass from Bhimrao and then Laloo but Santiago saved what looked like a certain goal. One minute later Trades were on a level through outside left Maxy Fernandes, who sent home a fine pass from Laloo after cutting in beatifully Straight from the kick off Trades went into the lead when Maxy Fernandes received a rebound after Santiago had saved and the ball rushed to the top most corner of the net.

Transferring play Shell were awarded a free kick just outside the box but Peter who rushed in was pulled up for off side. On the other side Trades came within reach of their third goal but Uchil, the referee hauled up Fernandes for being offside He had Santiago beaten all ends up.

Maxy Fernandes surprised his supporters by scoring Trades third goal and also his own successive three when off a goal mouth scramble in which Thomas bore the brunt and he put the finishing touches.

Six minutes before the close of play referee Uchil blew up and surprised the spectators, but this was justified for due to bad visibility the match was abandoned and the replay has been fixed for Friday. The final score read Trades 3, Shell 1.

THE TEAMS: Trades: Waman, Woodcock, Manuel, Govind, Middlecoat, Naravan: Bhimrao, Prab, Laloo, Thomas, Maxy Fernandes.

BURMAH SHELL: — Santiago: Angelo, H. Francis: A. Francis, Santan, Pinto, Michael, Rego, Ganesh, Noronha, Peter.

Referee: N K. Uchil.

The Inter College Football Semi-Final between Khalsa and Ruia College was postponed owing to the difficult ground conditions and will be replayed tomorrow.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p. m. Ruia vs Khalsa (Inter-College semi-final)

5-40 p. m. Tata's vs Rashid's XI (W. I. Championship)

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel.

3-30 p.m. New Bharda H. S. vs Antonio D'Souza H. S. (Ahmed Sailor Cup

4-30 p.m. Wimco S. C. vs Kohinoor Mills "A" (Das Cup)

5-30 p.m. B.B. & C.I. Rly. "A" vs Telephone S. C. (Das Cup)

Brabourne Stadium.

5-50 p.m. Colva S. C. vs Chinchinim S. C.(Cortalim Cup semi-final)

TABLE TENNIS

C. C. I.

6 p. m. First and Second rounds of Men's Singles, 2nd. quarter

7-30 p.m. First and Second rounds of Men's Singles 1st quarter. (C.C.I. Open Tennis Tournament)

BADMINTON

Elphinstone College

3 p.m. onwards: Semi-finals of Women's Singles followed by Final of Men's Doubles, followed by Final of Women's Doubles. (Inter-College Tournament).

The Bombay Chronicle

Mere study without thought is useless, but thought without study is dangerous.

—CONFUCIUS.

SUGAR-COATED

The Central Advisory Council for Railways has decided to return to the old second class accommodation on railways. The class is to be called "special second class". But the amenities to be provided are to be the same as were given to the old second class. This seems to be no more than an admission that the innovation started earlier this year has proved useless and even added to the railway problems. When Dr. Matthai introduced the Railway Budget in 1948, he made it clear that something had to be done to increase railway earnings. The move to abolish the second class followed a few months later and was actually initiated in January 1949. It brought down First Class fares but it failed to increase earnings because the bulk of Second Class passengers could only move down to the lower class not climb into the upper. The estimated loss has been over Rs. 20 lakhs for three months. Now it is proposed to raise a "special second class' which will be run on lower rates than the old (post November 1947) second class. The only persons thus who will not benefit by all these manipulations are the third class passengers who form the bulk of the traffic. Railway mathematics are in a class by themselves but we fail to see how earnings can be increased by bringing down the fares of the two upper classes; nor is there justice in leaving the majority without any financial relief. So far as the old second class passengers are concerned, those who have tried going in the lower class, will not all change over to the new class and this might be written off as a loss to the railways. An inducement has, no doubt, been held out to them by cancelling the sleeping accommodation available at Rs. 10 per berth. But it is not possible to predict results without knowing how many availed themselves of this benefit. In the absence of figures, it is impossible to say that the benefit of reservation and of sleeping accommodation will attract the old clientele of the second class back to the "special second class.

Actually a great deal of confusion exists about the railway rates. In November 1947, Dr. Matthai did two things to increase railways rates: He raised fares—in the two upper classes by 25 per cent and in the Inter and III by making a distinction between mail and passenger trains, raising the mail rate by some 40 per cent and the passenger by about 16.5 per cent. The second and more heavy burden was the substitution of a flat mile rate for the then existing telescopic rate. This shot up fares to an all round rise of some 33 per cent. Mr. B. Das of Orissa observed in Parliament in February 1948 that Dr. Matthai changed the telescopic rate to a flat rate and that the flat rate was something like 80 per cent rise in first class fares, 44 per cent rise in the second class and 33 per cent in the third class. Mr. Das gave an illustration:

From Calcutta to Delhi the first class fare before was Rs. 108 and recently it was Rs. 132-6-0. It is now Rs. 180-12-0. In 1925-26 the second class fare was Rs. 54. Last year it was Rs. 62-10-0. Today it is Rs. 90-6-0. In 1930-31, the third class fare was Rs. 17-10-0; last year it was Rs. 19-10-0. Now it is Rs 30-3-0. Between the first class and second class there is a rise of 65 per cent. In the third class there is a rise of 72 per cent.

The result of the various manipulations between November 1947 and now is that the first class fare has been put back to the old figure, the flat rate being retained; the second class fare has been similarly brought down by 12½ per cent, making the increase on the old rate about 15 per cent and also retaining the flat rate; and the third class has been left untouched. There is little for section of passengers to feel happy about but in the last analysis the third class passenger is forced to carry his added burden whilst some of the upper class load is lightened. It is this realisation which is very present in the mind of the railway authorities, that makes them always refer to the amenities that are awaiting third class passengers in some not too remote future. Economic considerations compel this policy because the revenue of the railway come from the third class in the main and also because the old high rates for First and Second were supposed to affect traffic. But it is rather unfortunate that a tortuous process should have been resorted to to achieve a very simple result. If it was expected that the manipulations would lessen public discomfort and ally criticism, the calculation has been woefully wrong. And in addition the travelling public are being subjected to a frequent change which causes considerable uncertainty.

Cost Of Living And Wages

Due to the dust raised by numerous labour disputes often fundamental principles are lost sight of. The employers complain of rising costs and the workers' lack of incentive. The labour on the other hand claim that they are underpaid because the employers take away the lion's share of the profits. Due to these bickerings in many cases hostility actually develops between the two, which brings down production. The whole question boils down to what is a living wage and what should be a fair margin or profit for a private enterprise. We have not yet reached that stage where all industries can be nationalised. So there must be enough encouragement for private enterprise to keep the industries going. At the same time, the workers must be assured of a living wage, otherwise they will be exploited by political agitators. This is more true today because the cost of living has risen to unexpected levels and inflation is still unchecked. To satisfy both the employer and the employees will be next to impossible. Also neither can decide what is good enough for the other. It is definitely a job for a third party who has got the interest of the whole country at heart. This role can be played only by the Central Government. It will be a task to investigate the incomes and possibilities of each industry but it will have to be done to convince the workers engaged in it about the maximum they can expect from that particular industry, after leaving enough for the employers to keep it going. Also the Government has to define more precisely what is a living wage. While fixing this the Government has to take into consideration the cost of living, house rents, maintenance and education of children provision for old age and just a little more to make it possible for the thrifty and hard working to step into a class one degree better, say in a lifetime. The disparity in incomes must not be very great as this will provide an opportunity for agitators. Raising of the general standard of living and an opportunity to better one's prospects is the best reply to the doctrine of violent Communism. Private enterprise will find in such a scheme protection for itself and a lease of life for perhaps another decade. Where other things have failed, this may bring sympathy and trust, pre-requisities for amicable relations between employers and the employees. Open dealings will definitely straighten out the strained relations.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

AMRITSAR, August 30: Mr. M. S. Golwalkar speaking at a reception given in his honour by the Amritsar citizens on Monday, deprecated the numerous attempts being made to transplant foreign cultures in India.

He refuted the charge of secrecy frequently levelled against the R.S.S. He said, "I am by nature very shy and our great founder and the present set of workers have never believed in propaganda. Fantastic things have been said about us in the press and we have never taken any notice of these things and it is for this reason that our movement has been labelled as secret."

—Press Report.

* * *

Apropos of the report that the new "formula" of the U. N. Kashmir Commission contains a suggestion for arbitration by Chester Nimitz, our Delhi correspondent states that the Government of India is not enthusiastic because of snags, for instance.: "who would enforce the implementation of the award and how would the Commission force Pakistan to accept an award if it went against it?

But possibly the good Commission is quite confident that the question of "forcing" Pakistan to accept the award of its arbitrator will not arise.

* * *

At a meeting addressed at Jodhpur by the Premier of Rajasthan, a number of communist-organised demonstrators shouted slogans like "Shastriji Murdabad", "Russia Government Zindabad" etc.

Evidently the angry comrades are convinced that Rajasthan should have acceded to the Soviet Union

* * *

Lahore: A new political party, called the West Punjab Hari Sari (commoners) Party, has been formed here to oppose the Muslim League in the coming elections in West Punjab.

The Hari Sari Party has our sympathy, presently and prospectively.

* * *

The United States is rumoured by some American officials to have promised to support India's candidacy for Security Council Membership.

We are excitedly interested for many reasons.

The Soviet Union should set up Pakistan as candidate. Then we would have great fun.

* * *

WASHINGTON, August 29: (U.P.A.) ECA Administrator Paul Hoffman today accused Britain of failing to try to sell goods in the United States because her manufacturers had been too content to take highest profits possible from exporting to soft currencies area.

But isn't it the celebrated, widely prevalent and universally accepted-er-Way of Life?

* * *

Iranian military officials at Teheran are reported by U.P.A. to have said that Iranian mechanised infantry columns had been sent to reinforce the troops on the 1500-mile Russo-Iranian border.

And after Russian mechanised infantry columns and columns etc. have been sent to reinforce the troops on the 1500-mile Russo-Iranian border?

* * *

According to a British-licensed Berlin paper a contingent of Soviet zone police, "recruited to fight against Tito" has left Germany.

If a contingent of Soviet zone police "recruited to fight against Tito" has left Germany then we are convinced.

PROHIBITION: ENDS AND MEANS

by MU THETA

PREMIER KHER has spoken. In words of deep understanding and sympathy he has tried to explain to the doubters and honest questioners why the Government of Bombay is going ahead with its prohibition programme. The words are clear and dignified, and have appealed to me, one of the still hesitant, so much that I desire to express why I still hesitate.

My objection is neither on the economic nor on the moral plane. Even without the copious quotations from Tolstoy I am prepared to agree with Mr. Kher's assertion that drink is an evil and must somehow be removed. I admit all that he has said against it and I echo him. But I still object to the policy of prohibition, because the manner in which this policy hopes to achieve the commendable goal is psychologically defective and ethically intolerable.

I could quote Mahatma Gandhi on the purity of means. However good the ends, the means are all-important, the means actually 'shape' the end, "the means employed determine the nature of the ends produced." And I believe, with all goodwill and honesty of thinking, that the means employed by the Bombay Government in its prohibition drive are self-defeating, repressive, and positively injurious to the moral development of the people.

SUPPRESSION

The Bombay Government hopes to suppress the evil habit by banning all liquor and holding forth severe penalties for violation of the law made by the Government. Now, history teaches that suppression of evil has never uprooted evil. Opinions, habits, ways of thinking have never been effectively changed by forceful suppression: the story of religious tyranny and sacerdotal attempts at conformity emphasizes this point. What really supplants or destroys evil, however, is an appeal to reason, a dissemination of knowledge, and a propagation of the positive facts of life. Thus the correct approach to this grave problem, to my mind, is one of gentle persuasion, without force, of educating the masses on the facts of physiology and good health, of impression, not repression.

PROPAGANDA

It will be said that the Bombay Government is doing that also. Very well. But all the good that is derived from the appeal to reason, by means of propaganda, is lost by the initial step of prohibition—the Act which says Thou shalt not. If, without this Prohibition Act, the Government had gone ahead with appeals to reason—thereby adopting pure and golden means to achieve the noble end—it would have been understandable. What we need is thousands of admirable, cogently argued appeals to reason, like Mr. Kher, **without** the Prohibition Act.

Unhelpful people may say that such a process would take a long time. Yes, it would—all battles against the force of evil are hard and difficult. But the end achieved that way, without the use of force, with the use only of the power of reason and knowledge, would be infinitely more glorious and lasting.

There are many negative aspects to this policy of prohibiting or suppressing anything to raise the standards of the masses. One is that we tend to rebel, however feebly, however mutely and ineffectually. It creates and increases our resistance. That, embarrassing though it seems, is a facet of human nature. From the temptation of Adam (which arose from the prohibition of just one among thousands of fruits) to the tantrums of a baby asked not to suck its thumb, human nature is such that it tends to revolt whenever it is asked to conform. Ultimately of course the rebellion dies, depending upon the quantum of force used. But traces of this rebellion remain for ever in the shape of uneasiness.

Instead of asking a person not to do an evil thing, suggest to him whether it would not be better if he did something other than evil. Instead of saying "Thou shalt not do this," say, "Why dost thou not do that which is infinitely better?" I believe there is a great gain in the latter approach and far more effectiveness.

DISTRUST

Another negative aspect is the atmosphere of distrust and suspicion that is created as a typroduct. For enforcing the prohibition law, vigilant and penal measures are essential, else it would be a mockery. But this tinges the entire land a nightmare grey colour; where any moment a violator may be pounced upon by the police, a raid may be conducted on a suspected house, a search of the person may be made. Every citizen (especially one who comes into Bombay from a wet area) will be suspected to be guilty, unless and until he is proved innocent The result is, the vigilance of the police obtrudes into the personal life of the people. This is ethically intolerable; and it is moral suicide.

The element of fear that the law inculcates is unhealthy. Even to a law-abiding citizen, stories of punishment of smugglers and breakers of prohibition law come as a rude shock. To a sensitive citizen, the suspicious look that a prohibition policeman gives will itself be deleterious. We do not respect the law because there is the police to enforce it or to punish us for breaking it—we respect the law because it appeals to us naturally and socially. It is not fear that keeps us honest citizens, but faith in the goodness of the law. This is the essence of what is called "rule by law." Such faith cannot be generated in laws which seek primarily to negative, prevent, punish our acts.

It is faith that will wean us of our evil drink habit, whereas fear will only drive it deeper down, stunting our growth. And whatever faith that we come by because of our realisation of the evil and our knowledge of its dangers, quickly disintegrates with the onset of fear at the antics of the vigilant law-preservers.

IGNORED

This is why I still hesitate to agree with the policy of prohibition. I can understand propaganda, temperance and control, but not prohibition. To me, the evil that exists is as clear as the good that is sought; and that underscores my argument that the means adopted should be strictly pure and intellectually appealing. If it is claimed it's too late to start all over again, I shall say the goal is so good that we have all the time in the world to achieve it well.

Commendable as are the efforts of the Government and Mr. Kher's disarmingly frank analysis. The ethical and psychological factors have been, I think completely ignored by them. I would not be put out in my efforts to achieve the glorious goal by fair, non-penal, non-coercive means; I would not mind the slowness of the process (for the welfare of the people is greater than the prestige of their servants); for I have faith in the essential goodness of man. As the Mahatma said: "I refuse to suspect human nature. It will, and is bound to, respond to any noble and friendly action."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Siam Premier's Alarm

Says a Bangkok report: "Marshal Phibul Songgram, Premier of Thailand, said today that the Communist pressure on his country had become so "alarming" that he was urgently considering ways to get modern weapons abroad. Communist pressure on Thailand is not surprising. Nor is it surprising that it should have increased with the sweeping triumphs of Chinese Communists in that great country. The Communists have been active in every country particularly those countries in the South-East Asian region that are neighbours or near-neighbours of China. But will it not also be correct to say that in almost all countries where their activities have increased to assume alarming proportions, the unfortunate fact is due very largely to internal conditions, which have inevitably fostered and favoured the growth of Communism? Communism was not shot into those countries from some miraculously long-range cannon belonging to Mao Tse-tung.

The Basic Reason

Except in Burma, the fillip, which Communism received has been furnished by the unsatisfactory conditions suffered by the masses and by the absence of any convincing prospects for the future. In Burma, Communism did not give any direct challenge to the Government of free Burma. It would have failed. Communism conveniently attached itself to the misguided Karen revolt. The folly of impatient Karens was the opportunity of Burma's Communists and they took it. In Thailand, Indo-China, Malaya and also Indonesia a fertile ground was supplied by the discontent of the population. And in every country the discontent has been justified by political and economic frustration, by foreign or indigenous autocracy. The situation is undoubtedly "alarming" everywhere and it needs urgent attention by those who would lead the struggle against Communism in the world. But as in Indo-China and Malaya so in Thailand too a good deal needs to be done on revised democratic lines internally as well.

A Hasty Decision

The resolution of Mr. K. K. Shah to set up single-member constituencies in Greater Bombay was accepted by the Corporation on Monday almost as a routine matter. It is surprising that a vital issue like the reorganisation of constituences should have been disposed off without much discussion. The creation of single-member constituencies is intended to prevent candidates from capturing the votes of groups of voters whom they can influence, but on the contrary it will perpetuate defect of the system of election by encouraging individuals, to contest elections irrespective of their qualifications as independent candidates from the localities over which they can exert influence. Again the resolution accepted by the corporation, will unjustifiably restrict the freedom of voters to make selection from the group of candidates if proposed by the same party conversely stated, the single-member constituencies will have no choice to voters but to return the candidates set up by influential parties in their localities. The electorate divided in such compartments will have to choose between party candidates and not between individuals on their respective merits. The change to single-member constituencies does not seem to be sound in principle. It will lead to unhealthy rivalries between various political parties and to the dictatorship of the most influential among them. In the age of democracy, the electorate should have a wider scope of selection and the parties contesting elections should nominate candidates of real worth. The Corporation ought to have realised the inequity of splitting up the electorate into smaller compartments before accepting the proposition assuming it was an improvement over the existing system. It should have, at least taken into consideration an important point whether the single-member constituencies will ensure the nomination of candidates of better qualifications.

Vizag Shipyard

The Government's decision to take over the Vizagapatam Shipyard from Scindias was announced by Dr. Shyam Prasad Mukherjee, India's Industries Minister, at a public reception in Calcutta. Dr. Mukherjee hinted that the foreign consultants who had examined the port and its affairs had recommended taking over on the ground that it could be developed into one of the best shipyards in four or five years. The admission of the Scindia Company that they could no longer keep up the shipyard "effectively", left the Government with no option but to take over the enterprise. The decision has been anticipated for some months but interest still remains unsatisfied as to the terms on which the transaction is to be effected. Speaking the other day on nationalisation, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru observed that better than taking over private enterprises would be the starting of new ones under State management. Then the country would benefit from two steel undertakings, for example, instead of one. This argument applies with even greater force to an undertaking like the Vizagapatam ship-building yard which has been running at a loss all these years. In the final decisions on terms this will no doubt be a deciding influence. Dr. Mukherjee has commended the deal as the taking over of a national asset Certainly the shipyard could not be allowed to degenerate into a liability. We trust that under State management its affairs will improve and that the shipyard will be contributory force to Indian shipping.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Hubli Flag Incident—I

There has been a spate of comment and criticism, statements and counter-statements in the local Kannada Press regarding an alleged unhappy incident at Hubli on the Independence Day The incident occurred at the flag-hoisting ceremony at Durgad Bail, the busiest part of the city. Thousands of Hubli citizens besides the police and officials attended the function. It is stated that there was a tussle between the president of the Hubli Taluka Congress Committee and the Dharwar District Congress Committee as to who should hoist the National Flag. According to one version the president of the D.C.C. tried to assert his right as a higher official to hoist the flag and kicked the president of the Hubli T.C.C. who was holding the rope. According to another version the Volunteer in charge of the ceremony saluted the president of the Hubli T.C.C. and requested him to hoist the flag and that the latter hoisted the flag and thus insulted the D.C.C. president and committed breach of discipline, by violating the convention that a higher official should be given preference on such occasions. Statements of facts are emphatically asserted by one section and denied by the other with equal emphasis. It is regrettable that the President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee without hearing both sides has issued a statement upholding the action of the D.C.C. President. In the face of assertions and denials it is hard to see where the truth lay. There seems to be 'suppressio veri' and 'suggestio falsi' in both or either version. The question is one of Congress prestige. It is also the prestige of the government in as much as it was the State flag, the Nation's flag that was hoisted and not a party flag. The solemnity of the occasion should not be allowed to be marred by such ugly incidents. It is necessary that the All India Congress Working Committee should institute an enquiry into the matter and take such disciplinary action as it deems fit against the offender or offenders without fear or favour It should also issue clear instructions for guidance on occasions like this The government must also take precautions to see that strict discipline is maintained and that there is no scope for such unseemly incidents which undermine the prestige of the Government and that of the Congress.

M. RAGHAVENDRA RAO.
Hubli, 28th August, 1949.

Hubli Flag Incident—II

With reference to your Hubli Newsletter published in the 'Bombay Chronicle' dated 30-8-49, I want to bring to your notice that this your letter has created misunderstanding by omiting a fact.

Your correspondent while reporting the ugly incident which occurred at the time of the hoisting of the National Flag on 15th instant, has omitted the fact that Mr. Gudleppa had already kicked Mr. Waichal while unfurling the National Flag. Your correspondent has reported that Mr. Waichal has shouted that he was about to be kicked by Mr. Hallikeri.

Your correspondent has created one more misunderstanding. He has stated that there has been a lot of controversy in the local press. I have also published a few letters in the local press under my signature. I have done it individually, without any promptings from any one. I belong to no party or group and have been wrongly included in Mr. Waichal's group.

—V. K. GOKHALE.

Sabre-Rattling

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan appears to be determined to widen the already existing gulf between Pakistan and India. While he profuses to be working for Inter-Dominion Unity, his actions and speeches are meant to create anything but unity.

On the Id day by making a reference to 'his unfortunate Muslim brothers' in India who according to him were not celebrating the Id as free citizens, he not only put the Indian Muslimans in an awkward position—as some misunderstandings could arise as regards their loyalty—but also instigated the public opinion in Pakistan against India.

On 15th August, while addressing the miscreants who had collected in front of the quarters of the Staff of the Indian High Commissioner to protest against the hoisting of India's National flag, and who were fired at by the Pakistan Police resulting in one death, he described the victim as a martyr instead of describing him as a Goonda, which he really was. The denial on the following day regarding the utterance of these words was meant to save his face and prestige from the probable adverse verdict of the world opinions, as is shown by his subsequent action in ordering a judicial enquiry against the concerned police officers.

And now he is reported to have said at Lahore that Pakistan would never allow Kashmir to be taken away by force by anyone and it would not relax its "defence preparations" unless and until "all possible danger of aggression from any quarter has been removed".

This is not the first time that he has talked about the 'defence' preparations and 'danger of aggression from any quarter', although it has been proved that Pakistan itself is an aggressor in the case of Kashmir. The reference, of course, is to India and by raising a bogey of 'aggression from outsiders', he is intentionally making his people anti-Indian.

If Liaqat Ali Khan thinks that by making such chivalrous speeches, it can frighten the Indian Union and thus get some concessions from her, he is miserably mistaken, as India values her freedom above everything and is bound to preserve it by blood, sweat and tears. The world opinion too can no longer be duped as the U.N. must have by now gained a bitter experience of Pakistan's lies, distortion of facts, and misrepresentations.

I may, however, give a note of warning to the Pakistan Premier that his efforts to keep his personal position safe in Pakistan by raising dogmatic slogans will lead his people to a stage when they will become so arrogant that he will find it difficult to keep them under control.

—S. L. TANDON.

Ban On Smoking In Buses

Criticising the Government has become a habit amongst certain sections of the people that they automatically criticise the Government be it good or bad. The measure of banning smoking in the buses had been long delayed and Government must be congratulated for having done so now.

One of the reasons why Indians are considered selfish is due to their lack of consideration for others. The smoker thinks that it is his birth right to puff acrid smoke into the eyes of passengers in trams, buses and local trains.

Similarly the pan chewer would in his exercising his right of bespattering the streets many a time daub the pants, dhoties and saries of innocent passers by and he has not even the courtesy to say 'Sorry' but in many cases has the impertinence to justify his doings.

Smoking became fashionable during the Moghul days but it was considered bad manners to smoke in the streets. The plebeian cigarette has made smoking in the streets a fashionable thing.

I consider that smoking in public places must be banned. If the smoker could not voluntarily restrain himself and for the short duration of the bus travel refrain from smoking. Government would be certainly justified in enforcing this ban.

—"M. NOT MAD."

Leaking Buses

Many of the B.E.S.T. buses leak profusely as soon as it begins raining. Often one has to occupy a seat where there is a puddle of water and take a miniature shower till he reaches his destination. With the new rule very much in force, you cannot even keep yourself warm with a cigarette. If you are drenched in the bus while you are on your way to the office then you are doomed to a cold for you cannot change your clothes for the next ten hours. Surely the B.E.S.T. Committee, if it takes a little trouble, can fix up the leaking roofs?

—A BUS TRAVELLER.

OPEN AIR

During the monsoon we see number of wild flowers belonging to the pea and bean family In the fields and along the roadsides we have tiny creeping plants with trifoliate leaves and yellow vetch-like flowers; among the grass we see taller, upstanding plants bearing pink, or mauve or yellow flowers of the same type, and all bear innumerable pods of seeds to ensure an equally prolific growth the following year! Twining over the shrubs and cactus hedges we find the Sword Bean, with its large trifoliate leaves like those of the French Bean, and its dense spikes of clear, pale mauve flowers, which give place to the long sword-like green pods which give this plant its name. Another plant of the same type which I have found growing together with the Sword Bean bears very dark purple flowers. Among our trees of this family, one of the commonest is the Karanj. (Pongamia Glabra). This, according to the books, should flower between April and June, but it is most erratic in its flowering season, and I have seen some trees in bloom as early as January and February, and others bearing a second crop of flowers as late as August!

—D. R.

Two Men Sail For U. S. To Save The Pound

BEVIN AND CRIPPS ON A HISTORIC MISSION

SOUTHAMPTON, August 31 (UPA).

FOREIGN Secretary Ernest Bevin and Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps today sailed aboard the liner Mauretania en route to the Washington financial conference which they described as "probably one of the most important missions in history."

Bevin, with the solemn Cripps standing by his side on the liner's deck, told reporters, "We are about to proceed to the United States to meet both our Canadian and American friends for probably one of the most important missions in history. I would ask the public not to expect to find a solution in a moment. This is a task, like the others, in that we are to go on day by day and week by week....."

Bevin said: "Ever since the close of the war we have been striving with them (Canadians and Americans) to build up a sound world peace and however much we may achieve success in political understanding and in devising of methods and treaties to achieve that end, unless we can find the right answer to the financial and economic problem we shall not have a sound foundation for the future peace of the world. Therefore, on this occasion, we are proceeding to discuss problems not only in the narrow limits of finance or trade but in its relation to the whole problem of the future safety and security of the world."

Bevin continued: "Both Sir Stafford and I are leaving these shores as a team representing a united government and, I believe, representing a united nation to try and achieve a solution which will give to all people peace and prosperity."

When Bevin had finished his statement, Cripps put his arm in his and said: "Good, well done."

The two men will carry the burden of the British case at the Washington talks called to find some way to halt the steady drain on Britain's dwindling gold and dollar reserves.

DESHMUKH TOO

Sir Chintaman D. Deshmukh, Indian Governor of the International Monetary Fund and Adviser to the Government of India on external finance, left London today for Southampton on his way to Washington, cables the PTI Special Correspondent in London.

Sir Chintaman left by the Mauretania with Mr. Bevin, Sir Stafford Cripps and other members of the British delegation for the three-power dollar talks.

It was understood today that Sir Chintaman has been kept in close touch with the discussions and preliminary talks which British Ministers and officials have been having in recent days.

During the Washington talks, Sir Chintaman will be in close consultation with the British delegation, although he will not be a member of the delegation.

The first stage of the discussions in Washington, according to informed observers here, will be to take up the question of the sterling area difficulties and its chronic dollar shortage. The starting point for the discussions will be the agreed decisions of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers Conference in London in July last.

Sir Chintaman will stay on in Washington, after the dollar-sterling talks, until October when Pandit Nehru arrives there. Sir Chintaman expects to return to India by the beginning of November.

NO HIGH SCHOOL EXAMS IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Aug. 31. (PTI): The Committee appointed by the Madras Government in 1947 to suggest reforms of examinations in secondary schools, has recommended the abolition of the present system of examinations.

The system is to be substituted by one consisting of intelligence tests, attainment tests and diagnosis tests.

Stop Press

ITALO-GREEK AGREEMENT

ROME, August 31 (PTI-Reuter).—A settlement of all outstanding questions concerning the Dodecanese islands and the payment by Italy to Greece of 105 million dollars in reparations over the next five years were provided for in an Italo-Greek agreement signed here tonight.

BOLIVIAN REBEL DEAD

BUENOS AIRES, August 31 (PTI).—Gen. Carlos Pena Y. Lillo, retired Army officer who led the Bolivian revolt, has committed suicide in Cochabamba, and other rebel chiefs have fled by air to Peru, according to overnight reports received here.

SOUTH KOREA APPEALS

WASHINGTON, August 31 (PTI-Reuter).—The New Republic of South Korea appealed to the United States today for military aid to meet any possible attack from Communist-dominated North Korea.

PLEA TO LABOUR

LONDON, Sept. 1, (PTI-Reuter): Britain's Trade Union leadership today warned its eight million strong following that any departure from the Government's present policy of moderation and restraint in making claims for increased wages would be "disastrous".

CZECH GUARDS ON AUSTRIAN FRONTIER

VIENNA, Aug. 31, (PTI-Reuter): Austrian Foreign Office sources tonight stated that Czech guards sealed the frontier between the two countries today.

NEWS BRIEFS

ANTI-INDIAN ACTIVITY

Gondal police are reported to have arrested on August 31 a Muslim on suspicion that he was engaged in anti-Indian activity.

The police are reported to have recovered from him permits for entry of 12 Muslims into Pakistan.

Delhi Statues

All monuments and statues in Delhi which are felt to be derogatory to national sentiments will be removed.

TWO ARRESTED

Two Muslims from Pakistan who had come to Rajkot on temporary permits, were arrested by the local police on August 30 for having overstayed the duration of their permits

Japan's Admission

Japan has been unofficially notified that she will be admitted into the International Wheat Agreement, concluded in March between five wheat exporting countries and 37 importing countries. This would enable Japan to buy wheat at one dollar 80 cents a bushel instead of two dollars 30 cents.

Art Exhibition

The first Indian Art Exhibition to be held in Germany since the end of the war will be opened in Berlin next Saturday.

FAST BROKEN

Jain Muni, broke bis 41-day fast at Aurangabad on August 31. The local markets observed holiday on the occasion.

A slight earthquak centered below the ocean's floor north of Yokohama shook Central Honshu along a 100-mile front early Wednesday, but no damage was reported.

Jute Acreage

The latest survey of the jute areas in Bihar indicates an overall increase of about 1,25 lakhs acres this year compared to last year's acreage and the total yield of the crop in the province is estimated at about six lakhs bales, thus exceeding last year's output by more than two lakhs bales.

PROHIBITION CASES

The Prohibition Department of the Greater Bombay Police picked up 276 cases, arrested 173 persons and seized 457 gallons of illicit liquor, 9,662 gallons of wash, nine gallons of spirit and three gallons of foreign liquor, during the week ended August 25 last.

Supply Restored

The electric supply of the Allahabad Radio Station and the telecommunications building, which failed on August 27, was restored on August 30. The dislocation was attributed to fault in cable insulation.

BASE CLOSED

The eleven-year-old marine base at Bally, four miles from Calcutta, was closed down when the last scheduled flying boat of the BOAC took off from the base for the United Kingdom on the morning of August 31.

SARDAR PATEL

Sardar Patel is maintaining the steady progress in his health since his arrival in Bombay and enjoyed a drive on Wednesday morning.

KARACHI, August 31 (PTI-Reuter).—The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, addressing the first Convocation of Sind University here today advised against the immediate giving up of English as the medium of instruction before all necessary material was translated into Urdu, so that it might come to the same level as modern European languages.

HO! NOT SUCH EXTRAVAGANCE ZEALOUS COMRADE!... HE MUST LIVE WHILE THE GOOD FAT YET ABOUNDS IN HIM!
"RED" CHIEF
RABID "RED"
SHANGHAI BUSINESS INTERESTS
Osborne

"The communist chiefs in Shanghai, realising that co-operation with big business interests is essential if the city is to survive, have been obliged to issue a strong rebuke to their more zealous supporters who look upon capitalists as their natural enemies."—News Item.

MEASURES TO SMASH THE "SUGAR RACKET"

Import Restrictions May Be Relaxed

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31 (PTI).

STERN measures to counteract the "Sugar Racket" resulting in high prices are expected to be taken shortly. The Government of India are understood to be in consultation with the Provincial Governments. Meanwhile, the United Provinces Government has already frozen stocks of sugar.

Introduction of rationing of sugar is expected to take some time and pending the building up of sufficient stocks, prices will be controlled rigidly. To ease the situation alleged to have been created by certain powerful sugar interets, Government might relax restrictions on the import of sugar, especially from the soft currency areas where the ruling price of sugar landed cost in Bombay) is said to be about Rs. 17-8 a maund as against Rs. 40 per maund of Indian sugar.

Sugar in the dollar area is much cheaper, Rs. 11-8 per maund, but dollars are scarce.

EXECUTIVE STEPS

Determined executive steps to make hoarders disgorge hidden stocks of sugar and to lower prices are also expected. The sugar industry, it will be recalled, gave an assurance to the Government to keep the prices steady at Rs. 28-8-0 a maund and all statutory control over the commodity was removed.

In December last, it was stated on behalf of the Government of India that it was their intention to bring down the price of sugar further and to bring about a reduction in the price of cane as well.

The recent increase in sugar prices, however, has belied expectations and steps to bring about normal conditions in the trade are expected to be announced shortly.

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31, (PTI): The Government of India have decided to recognise the Senior School Certificate (Ceylon) as equivalent to the Matriculation Certificate of a recognised Indian University or Board, for the purposes of appointment to services and posts under the Govern-

REDS ATTACK LABOUR LEADER

MADRAS, Aug. 31, (PTI): Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, was injured at a labour rally held at Nellikuppam last night.

According to a Cuddalore message while Mr. Guruswami was addressing the workers of a sugar factory two persons alleged to be Communists were stated to have thrown a wooden sandal and a chisel at him and escaped.

Mr. Guruswamy was immediately treated by a local doctor, who held the injuries were not serious.

Police have arrested five persons in connection with the incident.

RUSSIA NOT SUPPLYING ARMS TO BURMA REDS

KARACHI, Aug. 31. (PTI-Reuter): U. Maung, Burmese Foreign Minister, declared here today that there were no more than 2,000 real Communists in the whole of Burma in his opinion and they were getting no supplies of arms from Russia or anywhere else.

"They obtain arms from supplies left over from the war and by loot", he declared. "If the Karens had not begun their campaign we could easily have stopped the Communists".

GANDHI MEMORIAL GHAT IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Aug. 31. (PTI): A Gandhi Memorial Ghat will shortly be constructed in the Marina Beach at the spot where the ashes of Mahatma Gandhi were immersed.

The Madras Government has already approved the design prepared by the Chief Engineer for this Ghat and have now called for estimates for its construction.

Surat And Drinks

SURAT, Aug. 31, (U. P. I.): About 40 per cent of the total population in the district of Surat are accustomed to drinking, according to a statistical report prepared by a special worker of Surat, Mr. Ranvir Panchigar, showing the consumption of toddy and other liquors in the district. Mr. Ranvir was formerly a worker in the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay.

The actual figures given in the report say that nearly 90 thousand out of a total population of 225,000 are habituated to drinking.

The report further says, that the majority of the liquor addicts are constituted of married labourers.

Further details of liquor consumption, as stated in the report show that 80,000 are toddy consumers and 5,000 liquor consumers and 5,000 both toddy and liquor consumers.

Illicit Distillery Raided: 2 Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A working still which was operating in an underground cell of a house at Vakola, Santa Cruz, was raided by the Northern Preventive Section of the Bombay Police and several illicit liquor manufacturing implements and wash were seized.

Three persons running the illicit distillery were arrested by Dy. Inspector Shaikh who carried out the raid.

Kottayam Hill Burst Not Volcanic

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31, (P. T. I.): A prominent geologist said here today that the "hill burst" off Kottayam, Travancore, could not have anything volcanic in the nature of the incident.

The geologist completely negatived any suggestion that the "burst" could have occurred due to internal accumulation of explosive substances inside the hill. He added that there was neither any earthquake that day, nor could the sub-stratum soil have anything volcanic in it, nor was there any such possibility.

Asked how could the "burst" have occurred, he guessed it might be due to heavy rains that had taken place in the area (resulting in land-slides on either side).

FAIR TO CLOUDY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fair to cloudy weather with occasional showers is expected in the city and suburbs for the next 24 hours, according to the weather bulletin issued by the Santa Cruz Observatory tonight.

The city recorded 2 inches of rain today, the total rainfall so far being 57.5 inches which is 0.7 inch above normal.

Between 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. today, Juhu and Harnai had a rainfall of one inch each, Mahabaleshwar and Surat 1/2 inch each and Santa Cruz only 3 cents.

Fairly widespread showers have occurred in the Bombay Deccan and locally heavy showers in the Konkan and Hyderabad, the bulletin stated.

FLOODS IN SARAN

PATNA, Aug. 31. (PTI): Eighteen villages have been inundated and 700 houses badly damaged due to breaches in the embankments guarding the river Gandak at three places in the district of Saran, it is officially stated here today. Another 200 houses have been partially damaged.

No loss of human life or cattle has been reported.

Burmese Troops Take A Town

RANGOON, Aug. 31. (PTI-Reuter): Burmese Government troops today reoccupied Pekon, 20 miles east of Loikaw, Karen States capital, the Burma Army Radio reported.

Loikaw is held by Karen guerillas.

Naval gunboats shelled guerilla positions in the Akyab district of Western Burma causing heavy casualties, the Radio added.

CANTON MAY BE CUT OFF ANY MOMENT

Red Threat Increases

HONG KONG, August 31 (PTI-Reuter).

CHINESE Communist armies sweeping into Kwangtung province from Hunan were today threatening to cut off Canton, emergency Nationalist capital, from the main Nationalist armies under General Pai Chung-Hsi.

According to reports reaching here, the Communists were expected to reach the railway linking the capital with the armies "within a few hours."

The Communist General Cheng Keng was closing on Lochang, the railway town 26-miles north of Kukong.

In Eastern Kwantung, the Nationalists were reported to have fallen back on the coastal city of Swatow

Farther north, Amoy Island was expected to fall during the next few days. Chinese reports said the Communists had occupied Kaochi, an islet between Amoy and the Fukien mainland, and that the defenders of Amoy were withdrawing to Taiwan (Formosa).

CONFIDENCE

Lieut-General W. Festing, General Officer Commanding in Hong Kong, said today he was completely confident his garrison here could resist any aggression.

He said the position today was fundamentally different from that in 1941 when the Japanese overran Hong Kong. The Japanese had complete command of the sea and mastery of the air.

General Festing said that anti-aircraft firing practice would soon be started in Hong Kong.

ESCAPE

The official Chinese Nationalist Central News Agency said today it had officialy confirmed that General Futso-Yi, former Nationalist Commander-in-Chief in Peiping and Tientsin, had escaped from the Communists and was now in the north-western province of Suiyuan, of which he was Governor for many years.

VIOLENT TYPHOON LASHES TOKYO

TOKYO, Aug. 31, (UPA): A violent typhoon, with winds as high as 90 miles per hour, lashed the heavily populated Tokyo-Yokohama area on Wednesday night flooding thousands of homes and battering shipping in Tokyo Bay and along the coast.

The Japanese Whether Observatory said that the typhoon would probably give the Japanese capital its worst flooding since September 1 1938.

Fight Inflation

(Continued from page 1)

have been considered to be inadequate and out of keeping with the needs. It is learnt that according to that Committee's recommendations the saving effected would hardly exceed six crores in a civil budget of 145 crores.

The awareness of the financial "crisis" and the prospective deficit are believed to have led the Government to impress on all the Ministries the necessity of effecting straightaway a voluntary cut of twenty per cent in the capital outlay, of ten per cent in the contingency expenditure and of five per cent in the pay bills. The Prime Minister is understood to have set an example by subjecting his own Secretariat and Ministry to these cuts. Other Ministries are expected to follow sui.

Another big problem that awaits solution is that of retrenchment in general.

CHASTISEMENT

It is also learnt that Government may adopt a "strong" line with regard to the allocation of grants to those Provinces which fail to fall in line with the overall economic policy of the Central Government. But again there are obvious difficulties here. In a federal setup, the Centre may not be able constitutionally to control "recalcitrant" Provinces. There may be Provincial Governments whose political complexion differs from that of the Centre.

PRE-PARTITION TAX PAYMENTS

Agreement Terms Clarified

NEW DELHI, Aug 31: Doubts have been expressed in some quarters as to which dominion (India-Pakistan) is responnnsible for payment or adjustment of certain deposits and advance payments made by Income-tax and E.P.T. assessees prior to the date of partition. The various kinds of deposits in respect of which liability may have been outstanding on the date of partition comprise:

1. Voluntary or compulsory excess porfits tax deposits.
2. Deposits on provisional excess profits tax assessments.
3. Anticipatory deposits on provisional excess profits tax assessments.
4. Post-war excess profits tax refundable
5. Interest-bearing deposits towards payment of income-tax or excess profits tax.
6. Funded amounts for the behefit of assessees whose income for the relevant assessment years did not exceed Rs. 6,000.
7. Advance payment of tax under Section 18-A of the Indian Income-tax Act 1922

It is laid down that according to the agreement existing between the Dominions of India and Pakistan liability for the paymnt or adjustment of the above outstandings relating to the pre-partition period together with interest payable thereon rests with the dominion which was in possession of the assessment record of an assessee on August 14, 1947, unless such record has been or is transferred after that date with the agreement of the Central Boards of Revenue of India and Pakistan, in which case the liability will rest with the dominion to which the assessment record has been or is so transferred.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.

Previous Closing	29 78
Today's Opening	29 77
Difference	—1
Todav's Closing	29 88
Difference	+10

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

	Rs. As.
Silver Forward Asoj	156 8
Gold Forward Asoj	110 8
Silver Bullion	160 12
Silver Mint	161 0
Gold Ready	113 0
Sovereign	74 4

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 27.
General Motors dol. 61.
U. S. Steel Common unquoted.
U. S. Steel Preference unquoted.

R

REVISED KEROSENE QUANTUM

The value of kerosene units on various ration documents have been fixed for the month of September 1949 as shown below:—

	Per Unit	Per Ration Document
K(L) Card (Lighting Purposes)	one gallon	—
K(L) Business Card (Lighting Purposes)	—	one gallon
(K(H) Card (Non-lighting Purposes)	one gallon	—
(K(H) Permit (Non-lighting Purposes)	—	3 gallons

R

For unlawfully possessing foodgrains and cloth ration documents of a customer and drawing rations thereon and failing to cancel coupons on the ration cards although rations were issued and tampering with reference numbers in the cash memos, the deposit of Rs. 250 by SHAH LALJI KANJI, Proprietor, Ration Shop No. 537, Umarkhadi Road, Dongri was ordered to be forfeited to Government and in addition he has been asked to furnish a fresh deposit of Rs. 1,000.

DROUGHT-RESISTING GRASSES TO AID FOOD PRODUCTION

SIR JOHN RUSSELL SUGGESTS COMMONWEALTH STATION

LONDON, Aug. 31 (PTI-Reuter)—Sir John Russell, leading agricultural scientists and President of the British Association for the advancement of science, today recommended the establishment of commonwealth—station to promote drought—resisting grasses.

He was giving the presidential address on world food supplies at the opening of the Association's annual meeting at NewCastle—on—Tyne.

"In view of the very great importance of grass for soil conservation in all parts of the Commonwealth it is highly desirable that a well equipped Commonwealth station should be established to study existing semi-arid types and produce new ones" he said.

Sir John who for many years was Director of one of Britain's experimental stations in agriculture said Britain harvests an average of twenty hundred-weight of wheat per acre today compared with eight or ten hundred-weight years ago but the world average was still only seven."

INTENSIVE CULTIVATION

Sir John said the most hopeful way of increasing world food supplies was by more intensive cultivation of land already in use.

"It is especially important for Asian and African peoples—60 per cent of the world's population—for they have no prospect of migration and very little food imports from other countries. Their present product is chiefly grain, the yields low and uncertain, the methods inefficient. Experimental farms in India commonly obtain twice the yield of the neighbouring peasants and there is often no physical reason for the disparity. But the difficulties of levelling up are enormous. They spring from the peasant's poverty, their overflowing fecundity and the consequent minute sub-division of the land. These can only slowly be remedied."

NEIGHBOUR HEARD CRIES OF SHOEBULLAH KHAN

Evidence At Razvi Trial

HYDERABAD, Aug. 31. (P.T.I.).

Mohammed Siraj Ali, Inspector, C.I.D. branch of the city, told the Special Tribunal here today that Syed Kasim Razvi, former Chief of the Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen, on "Nanaj Day" celebration said, "whoever may be the wire-puller, whichever may be the hand pulling the wires, I have no concern with it, but the hand that would rise against the power and honour of Muslimans, should either drop down or be cut off".

Mohammed Siraj Ali who said that he was detailed to cover the public meeting on the "Nanaj Day"—"Martyrs Day"—said he took down the proceedings in Urdu shorthand and after transcribing his notes into regular Urdu submitted to the head office.

"NANAJ DAY"

The "Nanaj Day" was observed by the Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen a year ago in honour of the memory of some Hyderabad police constables killed in an encounter with Indian troops near Nanaj.

The Inspector deposed that on July 24, 1948, normal reliefs on Indian troops moving between Sholapur and Barsi (an enclave of Bombay territory in Hyderabad) were attacked near Nanaj, a Hyderabad village on the Barsi-Sholapur road, by "hostile elements", who inflicted seventeen casualties on the troops.

The Indian Army later clashed with a posse of Hyderabad police in which six special constables on the Nanaj police outpost were reported killed by Government sources. So, in honour of those killed the Ittehad-ul-Muslimeen observed the "Nanj Day" otherwise known as "Martyrs Day".

Mohammed Siraj Ali read out in the court from his shorthand book, which he identified as the one he had used at the meeting, a paragraph of the speech by Syed Kasim Razvi.

Shyamsunder Gunty, one of four witnesses examined today, narrated to the court that on the night of August 21/22 last year he heard "an explosive sound" and heard a cry "do not kill me brother" coming from the direction of Shoebullah Khan's house.

Sharp Rise In Tata Steels Towards Close

INDIAN IRONS AND DYEINGS MOVE UP

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

With the end of monthly Teji-Mandi operations today at 1-45 p.m. the local Stock Exchange made a sharp upward move and within fifteen minutes Tata Steel Defds. advanced over Rs. 50 on general buying wave and short covering. Indian Irons and Bombay Dyeings were firm.

It is now freely talked in the Dalal Street that the present inaction of the market particularly in Tata Steel shares is mainly due to teji mandi operations of some operators. This goes to prove that unsocial activities of some operators are at work at present and such few operators are in a position to guide the desinity of the Stock Exchange. Tata Steel Defds. and Ordinary shares which are very popular among the trading public refuse to move.

Thus on one side Tata Steel shares remain almost stationary, Bombay Dyeings are improving under short covering as Bulls are taking full advantage of the manipulation by dectating undue Budla discounts.

Calcutta Scrips were again firm today but Scindia shares retreated on moderate liquidation.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1340 and after improving at Rs. 1350 reacted at Rs. 1345. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 276 and improved at Rs. 278.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1082-8 and sharply advanced at Rs. 1102-8 on short covering but reacted at Rs. 1092-8. Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 263.

Scindia shares opened at Rs. 14-13 and after improving at Rs. 14-15 declined at Rs. 14-8. Imperial Bank Fully Paid were firm on better enquiry at Rs. 1770.

Indian Irons opened at Rs. 27-12 and firmed at Rs. 28-4 while Bengal Steels were done at Rs. 21-4.

Later on the market was steady Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1350 and Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 278-8 Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1096-4. Gokaks and Simplexes were placed at Rs. 245 and at Rs. 175-8 respectively. Svadeshi mill shares were quoted at Rs. 247-8.

Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1508-8 Associated Cements were done at Rs. 141-14 while Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 179-6. Bombay Burmas changed hands at Rs. 280.

Later on it was said that option rights on teji mandi operations were declared at 1-45 p.m. and thereafter the market made a rapid upward move and within 15 minutes before the close Tata Steel Defds. were pushed up at Rs. 1406 and Ordinary shares rose to Rs. 284. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1100 and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 268. Scindias rallied at Rs. 15-2. Closing tone was firm.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing	1097	8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	268	8
Swadeshi Mills (12-4) XD	250	0
Central India Mills (4)	210	0
Simpiex Mills (6-8)	179	0
New Great Eastern (8)	134	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	125	10
Gokak Mills (12)	249	0
Century Spinning (15)	226	14
India Bleaching (6)	131	0
Swan Mills (2)	291	0
Finlay Mills (15)	246	8
Morarji Goculdas	432	8
Edward Sassoon (30)	177	8
Meyer (12)	110	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	10
India United Ord. (10-13-6)	10	8
India United Defd (0-2-6)	1	11
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170	0
Podar (S)	130	10
Khatau Makanji (5)	189	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	284	0
Tata Steel Defd (64-13)	1400	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-3)	139	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	142	8
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-3)	281	14
Belapur Sugar (9)	182	0
Shivrajur Syndicate (0-3)	15	3
Scindia Steam (0-3)	15	3
Premier Construction	98	0
Tata Chemical	9	3
Tata Oil (2) XD	45	4
India Iron (0-12)	29	4
Bengal Steel (0-8-9)	21	14
British India Corp. (09)	8	15
India Copper	2	9
Wimco	180	0
Alcock	257	8
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1512	8
Andhra Valley (30)	1410	0
Tata Hydro (3)	149	9

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (9)	55	0
Phoenix (50)	133	12
Indian Mfg.	4150	0
Kurla	117	8
Colaba	118	0
New City (11)	152	8
Minerva (12)	127	8
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	5
Bharat Mills (2)	27	12
Mysore Spg. Mills (4)	161	4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	166	4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	605	0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	210	0
Western India (40)	4070	0
Standard (15)	335	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3140	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15	4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	48	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (2)	255	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	34	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	153	12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67	0
Berar Mills	240	0
Victoria Mills	225	0
ELECTRIC (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	120	10
Ahmedabad New	44	4
Surat Electric (2-8)	132	8
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	146	14
Bombay Suburban XR	136	4
Bombay Suburban New	47	4
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) X.D.	1775	0
Imperial Bank of India P.P 8-12) XD.	443	12
Central Bank (1-8)	78	8
New Central Bank	79	8
Bank of India (4)	174	8
Union (0-5)	7	2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	8
United Commercial (8)	51	0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	12
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125)	4100	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (7)	52	12
Jupiter (1-4)	12	10
Vulcan (9-10)	11	10
Indian Mercantile (21)	35	8
Universal (9-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	15	0
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	15	10
RAILWAY SHARES		
C.P. (1-14) XD	113	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	245	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	105	0
Burma Petrol	1	11
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (3)	61	0
Kemp and Co. (30)	400	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	35	8
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	0
Alembic (15)	155	0
Supreme India X.R.	78	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	60	4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries B.S.)	152	8
United Motor	32	0
Associated Cement New (3)	137	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	32	8
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1320	0
Hydro Electric (7)	126	4
Bombay Steamer (6)	228	12
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	258	12
Lakshmi Mills	220	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	105	0
Podar Mills (4)	98	0
Shrinivas Mills	106	4
Elphinstone Mills (7)	316	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	137	8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	101	14
Pre. Construction First	98	4
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	115	0
Amalgamated	72	0
Habib	114	8
Tata Chemical	130	0
Walchandnagar	19	14
Jupiter	100	0
Supreme	110	0
Meyer	85	0
Mackenzie (1st)	80	0
Mackenzie (2nd)	132	8
Ahmedabad Advance	50	0
Mysore Mill	99	0
Standard	12	0
Madhusudan	100	12
Khatau	94	8
Morarji		
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	11
New Victoria	2	12
New Victoria 2 (Pref.)	4	12
Paltan (8)	90	0
Gold Mohor	312	8
New Kaiser Hind	360	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	235	0
Azamshahi	255	0
Air Services	6	0
Air India Tata	71	0
Hind Motor	5	9
Indian Steam	9	5

GOLD AND SILVER

Bank Accepts Tenders Under Rs. 160/-

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

The Reserve Bank of India invited tenders for 400 bars Silver today and 180 bars were sold at Rs. 159/8 while other tenders were rejected. The Bank has invited tenders for 200 bars of Silver for tomorrow.

This shows that the Bank has now lowered selling limit for Silver. It appears that the Bank is meeting the demand without forcing down prices. Thus the future of Silver price entirely depends upon the purchasing capacity of prospective buyers.

In the local market Aso delivery Silver opened at Rs. 155/12 and declined at Rs. 155/8 under moderate selling. At this level there was increased short covering induced by firmness of Gold price and the market advanced at Rs. 156/6. Ready Silver was quoted opened at Rs. 159/ and improved at Rs. 160/2.

Aso delivery opened at Rs. 110/- and gradually advanced at Rs. 110/9. The market is banking on sales of Gold by the Bank but so far there is no official announcement. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/12.

Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	160	12	0
Aso Silver	156	6	0
Ready Gold	113	4	0
Aso Gold	110	7	0
Sovereigns	74	4	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

The local Produce market was quiet with very little business. There is some enquiry from U.K. but so far no sales are reported for groundnuts as prices offered are low. In the meantime it is learnt that some professional bull operators have bought about two lakhs of oil tins in Hydrabad market for Posh delivery at about the price of Rs. 19/2 and upward. In the local market small linseed was quoted at Rs. 32/6. Quotations were as under:—

Groundnuts Khandesh	44	12	0
" Madras	44	8	0
" Bold	44	2	0
" Oil	24	8	0
Castorseeds	27	12	0
Linseed	33	0	0
Linseed Oil	20	0	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, August 31.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	5	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	11	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95	12	0
3 per cent non-terminable	97	14	0
3 per cent 1966 Con.	97	12	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	13	0
3 per cent 1957	101	11	0
3 per cent 1958-81	100	14	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4½ per cent 1950-55	102	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	15	0
2 3/4 per cent C.P. 1961	97	2	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961-68	99	12	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
3 1/4 Municipal	100	11	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1954	114	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950	107	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

Tata Ordinary 284; Tata Deferred 1400; Indian Iron 29-4; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 22; Bombay Dyeing 1097-8; Central India 210; Gokak 249-6; Kohinoor 268-12; Simplex 179; Swadeshi 250; Tata Power 1512-8; Associated Cement 142-8; Belapur 182-8; Bombay Burma (Old) 281-14; Scindia 15-3; Central Bank 79-8; New India 52-12; Tata 2nd Pref. 139-12.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

There was no official trading today in the local market and there seems no enthusiasm for re-opening of the forward market. In view of shortage of supplies, some traders believe under present conditions February may reach the ceiling level and people will have very little interest in the market. May position will be guided by supply and demand and it is too early to form any reliable idea about essential position of the market.

Privately September was quoted at Rs. 626 while February business was reported at Rs. 606 to Rs. 607 May option was quoted at Rs 596.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 588 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON PRICES

ALEXANDRIA, August 30 (UPA): The following were prices of cotton on the Alexandria Market today:

ASHMOUNI, Oct.	51.30
ASHMOUNI, Dec.	50.50
KARNAK Nov.	69.05
KARNAK Jan.	65.00

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

BOMBAY, Aug. 30.

	1948-49 Bales.	1947-48 Bales.
RECEIPTS (By Rail and Sea)		
26th Aug. to 29th Aug.	12533	19280
RECEIPTS (By Rail and Sea)		
1st Sept. to 29th Aug.	1620837	2214326
SHIPMENTS.		
26th to 29th Aug.		
United Kingdom	—	—
Continent	—	903
China	—	—
Japan	—	—
Coast Ports	3200	500
Total	3200	1403
SHIPMENTS.		
1st Sept. to 29th Aug.		
United Kingdom	22321	67035
Continent	158530	346712
China	22601	238087
Japan	61868	220286
U. S. A.	23526	44304
Other Foreign Countries	5094	25165
Total all Foreign Countries	293940	941589
Coast Ports	153028	155086
Total	446969	1096675
TRANSHIPMENT IN BOMBAY HARBOUR		
During the month of July		
Total	3189	1
1st Sept. to 31st July		
Total	4902	18721

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

120 Ready Japan	3	10	0
150 Ready Japan	3	13	0
120 Ready Italy	3	3	0
150 Ready Italy	3	13	0
150 D. Box Aug.	757	0	0
150 D. Box Sept.	767	0	0

NEW YORK PEPPER QUIET

New York August 30: Dealers and grinders interest quietened today following the erratic price change of the past week. There were some sellers for spots at 1.29 dollars and offers of September arrival at 1.22 but buyers were still withholding. Following today's closing prices:- Black pepper: spot 1.30 asked, September 1.32 asked, October 1.30 asked, December 1.27 nominal, January 1.22 nominal, March 1.05 nominal, May 0.94 nominal. White pepper spot 1.80 asked.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

London Aug. 30: The pepper market was quiet with buyers showing only little interest but sellers were reserved. Black lampong August/September/shipment offered at 7sh. a pound and white muntok and sarawak August/September at 9sh. per pound c. i. f., basis ports. Malabar August/September was 780 shillings per cwt., sellers, while afloat parcels are still at a premium with 810 shillings indicated c.i.f., basis ports.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

T SINGAPORE, August 33.

The Singapore pepper market was firm on short covering today with black lampong 14 dollars higher at 386 and white muntok 5 dollars higher at 490 dollars per picul ex-godown. 7 tons of black lampong ex-godown changed hands at 385.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

MILLS

Apollo 2/10/3 2/10/6 2/10
Ahmedabad Advance 255
B. Dyeing 1087/8 1101/4 1090 97/8
C. India 209 10 8/8 10
Century 226/4 26/10
Colaba 118
Finlay 246/8
Gokak 245 49
I. U. Defd. 1/11/6 1/11
I. U. Ord. 10/6/6 10/5 10/8
Indore 123/12 25/10
Kohinoor 263 64 63 68/8
Model 166/4
New Great 134
New City 152/8
New Union 15/8
Podar 130/10
Sassoon Cotton 16
Simplex 174/8 79
Svadeshi 245 46 50
Tata mills 48
Vishnu 210
C. P. Rly. 113

STEAMER

B. Steam 245
B. S. Pref. 228/12
Scindia 14/14 14/9 14/14 14/10 15/3

BANKS

Baroda 120/8 20
Central 79 79/12 79/8
Central New 79
Imperial Old 1767/8 75
Imperial New 443/12
India 175 74/8
Union 7/1 7/2
U. Commercial 51

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 120/10
Andhravalley 1410
Suburban 136/4
Hydro 149 48 49
Power 1512/8

INSURANCE

New India 53 52 52/12
Jupiter 12/10
Vulcan 11/11

STEEL

B. Steel 20/14 20/12 21/5 21/1 22
I. Iron 28 27/14 28/6 28/2 29/4
Tata Defd. 1340 48/12 43/12 50 47/8 1400
Tata Ord. 275/8 77/8 76 78/8 77/8 84
Tata IInd Pref. 139/12 39/8 39/12

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 251/4 58/12 57/8
A.C.C. Old 141/4 41 42/8
A.C.C. New 137
Belapur 177 81 80 82
B.B. Old 280 79/6 81/14
B.B. Petrol 1/10/6 1/10
B.I.C. 8/15
Dharamsey 35/8
I. Copper 2/9
I. Bleaching 128 32 31
I. T. Trust 84
B. Const. 93/8 92 95 94 98
Shivrajpur 27/8 27
Tata Chem. 9/3
Tata Oil 45 45/4
Wimco 180

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 44
Motor House (Gujerat) 20

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 31.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 155-1/2.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs 165 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52, 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 13/16-2/3 15/16, London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.
London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.;
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c. 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 26th day of August:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	35,32,10,000
Notes in circulation	1085,40,42,000
Total Notes issued	1120,72,52,000
Total Liabilities	1120,72,52,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	610,34,38,000
Rupee Coin	51,59,75,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	418,76,68,000
Total Assets	1120,72,52,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities 58,030 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
Central Government	109,18,42,000
Other Governments	21,72,42,000
(b) Banks	93,79,32,000
(c) Others	62,59,55,000
Bills Payable	3,15,67,000
Other Liabilities	4,13,71,000
Total Rs.	304,59,09,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Notes	35,32,10,000
Rupees Coin	12,22,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,61,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	61,18,000
Government Treasury Bills	14,99,000
Balances held abroad	169,11,45,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	10,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	9,23,36,000
Investments	87,08,71,000
Other Assets	283,47,000
Total Rs.	304,59,09,000

BOMBAY DEVELOPMENT LOAN

The notes and Stock Certificates pertaining to the 3/ Bombay Provincial Development Loan, 1962 floated on 1st August 1949, will be ready for delivery on 1st September 1949 The applicants may take delivery of their securities against official receipts granted to them, duly discharged at the counter of the Public Debt Office, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay on or after that date.

GOOD MILL DEMAND ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Futures Unchanged To Nine Points Higher

NEW YORK, August 30.

Prices for cotton future halted their decline on recent sessions today and finished unchanged to nine points higher.

After opening narrowly irregular and drifting around these limits for most of the day, prices near the close turned higher reflecting good mill demand.

Interests of operators continued to be focussed on Washington where action soon is expected on farm price supports for 1950.

The easiness of the market immediately after the opening reflected considerable hedging operations because of expanded movement of cotton in the South. Other dealers held to sidelines awaiting the Department of Agricultures' mid-August parity report released after the close.

The cotton parity price was reported at 30.13 compared with 30.26 in July. It was felt in cotton quarters that some pressure will be placed on 1950 deliveries because of the decline in the parity price. Support from mills reflected continued good demand for cotton textiles with some selling houses reported out of the market because of scarcity of goods for nearby shipment.

Traders ignored as the market factor damage to cotton crop from weevil and recent hurricane. However, the government weekly crop and weather report on cotton was considered slightly more favourable than expected, particularly with regard to the hurricane, rains and winds which only caused some deterioration in sections of Georgia and Carolinas

Cotton exports were reported to be moving in fair volume although buying by E.C.A. countries was reported to be waiting on Congressional action in E.C.A. appropriations.

Closing prices included:

Delivery	Pr. Close	Opening	High	Low	Close
October	29.78	29.77	29.79	29 73	29 78
December	29.77	29.77	29.79	29 73	29 78
March	29.72	29.71	29.73	29.68	29 72
May	29.65	29.65	29.67	29 61	29 66
July	28.99	29.00	29.04	28.97	29 03
October	27.19	27.17	27.20	27.17	29 20
December	27 06	27.04	29.20	29 10	29 19
NEW ORLEANS					
October	29 71	29.71	29.73	29.68	29 73
December	29.72	29.72	29.73	29.69	29 72
March	29.67	29.67	29.68	29.64	29 66
May	29.58	29.58	29.59	29.56	29.57
July	28.87	28.89	29.94	29.89	29 92
October	27.11	27.11	27.15	27 10	27 15
December	27 01	.....	.....	...	27 05

Spot Cotton. New York 31.13 Spot Cotton, New Orleans 30.35.

Pakistan Reserve Bank

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail).

According to the press note issued by the State Bank of Pakistan its position for the week ending 19th August was as under:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.—Liabilities.

Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 4,41,11,000, Notes in circulation 165,83,21,000, total notes issued 170,24,32,000, total liabilities 170,24,32,000.

Gold Coin and Bullion Rs. 4,30.71,000 silver bullion nil, sterling securities

ASSETS

79,24,47,000, Government of India Securities 31,63,58,000, India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India 43,11,18,000-158,19,94,000; Rupee Coin 5,38,05,,000, Government of Pakistan Securities 76,33,000, Internal Bills of exchange and other commercial paper nil—6,14,38,000.

HELD WITH THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA PENDING TRANSFER TO PAKISTAN

Gold Coin and Bullion 19,02,000, Sterling Securities 3,87,77,000, Government of India Securities 1,53,71,000 Rupee Coin 29,50,000—5,90,00,000. Total Assets 170,24,32,000.

Ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion, Silver Bullion, Sterling Securities and approved Foreign Exchange to total note circulation: 96.22 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.—Liabilities.

Capital paid up Rs. 3,00,00,000 Reserve Fund 3,00,00,000.

DEPOSITS

Central Government	60,96,93,000
Provincial Government	8,52,02,000,
Banks 16,32,38,000 others	5,06,47,000

Bills Payable 194,000 other liabilities 2,32,73,000 total Rs. 99,22,47,000.

Assets: Notes Rs. 4,411,000.

Rupee Coin:: Pakistan 7,000 India Nil.

Subsidiary Coin: Pakistan Nil India 1,45,000.

BILLS PURCHASED AND DISCOUNTED: Internal nil, External nil, Govt. Treasury Bills 10,55,32,000 Balance held outside Pakistan (includes Cash Short terms Sterling Securities and Balance with Reserve Bank of India) 7,74,24,000 Loans & Advances to Governments 10,00,000 other Loans and Advances nil, Investments 12,92,28,000 other Assets 47,93,000 total Rs. 99,22,47,000.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, August 30.

2 1/2 p.c. British Consols	25	1/2
3 1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	96	1/4
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	108	1/2
3 1/2 p.c. War Loan or after Dec. 1st 1952	95	1/2
Chartered Bank of India	10	7/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	84	1/2
National Bank of India	33	1/2

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 4,630

EXCHANGES

LONDON, August 30.

T. T. London on	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47 to	1450

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, August 30.

Australian Wheat bulk 89/7 1/2 Aug.-Sept.

TRADING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK August 30.

Commencing next Tuesday—September 6th—the New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges will revert to 10 a.m. opening instead of the present 11 a.m. This means trading will commence an hour earlier than at present.

SILVER SALES IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, August 30

Silver Demand was good and sales approximated 225,000 ounces at unchanged price. Dealers say the recent price advance attracted some non-regular supplies thus taking edge off sellers favour.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, August 30.

Texas Gul Sulphur	64 1/2
Tidewater Oil	22 5/8
Timker Roller Bearing	39
Union Carbide	38 7/8
U. S. Industrial Chemical	72 5/8
U. S. Gypsum	66
U. S. Steel pref	154 1/2
Western Union "A"	14 7/8
West Pennsylvania Electric	23 1/4
Youngstown Sheet and Tube	62 1/8
Aluminium Corpn.	49
American Cynamid	44 1/4
American Gas and Electric	46 1/2
Brazilian Traction	18 1/8
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	66 7/8
Louisiana Land	21 5/8
Baltimore and Ohio	8 5/8

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, August 30

U.S. price of Foreign Silver 73 cents.

LONDON BULLION

Silver Sport and Forward both 44 1/2d.

Gold bars fine per ounce £8-12-3.

London exportable sterling area silver 57 to 58d.

JAP RAW SILK TO BE SOLD IN JAPAN

NEW YORK, August 30, (UPA). The Scap Foreign Trade Office today announced that new 300 bales assortment raw silk will be sold in Japan. The announcement did not specify when the sale would take place but identified the material as No. 5—in addition to numbers 3 and 4.

The price is 15 cents per pound lower than the 1949 floor price: which SCAP said is a "continuation of the present sales policy."

The assortment consists of 70 bales 13/15 Denier, and 200 bales 20/22 Denier. Both types are included in Grades A and B.

WORTH STREET ACT

GOVERNMENT STUDYING VITAL CHANGES IN HEDGE CONTRACT

Accumulation Of Cloth In Mills Growing

The Patel Cotton Co., Ltd., has issued the following weekly cotton market report which states the Government have not yet given their consent to commence trading in new crop months. The report reads as under:—

Cotton prices in New York fluctuated narrowly and the net changes for the week were small. Initiative in the market was restrained by the developments in connection with the crop, new farm legislation and exports. Nevertheless, spot cotton was strong on trade and mill buying, influenced by heavy textile sales and unfavourable features of the weekly weather report stressing the seriousness of weevil infestation.

MILL CONSUMPTION

The Census Bureau reported that the U.S. mill consumption for July dropped to 455,000 bales from 600,000 B/s in June and as against 627,000 bales in July last year. The sharp fall is attributed to curtailment in production and mill holidays. This brings the aggregate domestic consumption for the season during the 1948-49 season (August to July) to 7,797,000 bales compared with 9,347,000 bales in 1947-48 and 10,025,000 bales in 1946-47.

The stocks of raw cotton at mills at the end of July were 884,000 b/s and in warehouses 4,143,000 bales. The season-end mill stock is slightly less than two months' requirements based on the low rate of July consumption and the lowest for 10 years. The season-end carryover as on July 31 has been placed at 5,283,000 bales compared with 3,080,000 bales same time last year. Of this, approximately 3,800,000 bales continue to be tied up in Government loan, thus reducing the supply of 'free' cotton to a smaller figure than appeared likely.

RISE IN ALEXANDRIA

Prices in Alexandria rose sharply during the week, the sessions on Monday and Tuesday closing at maxima rates. There was some reaction on Wednesday, but Karnaks again rebounded to maxima level on the following day. While the crop-prospects in Upper Egypt are considered to be bright, the crop in the Delta is reported to have been seriously attacked by leaf worm and it is difficult to forecast the ultimate size of the crop in lower Egypt. Partially true as this is, the speculative fervour and nervous covering by bears seemed to be the major influences. Actual crop damage has probably been exaggerated.

LOCAL MARKET

The Government have not yet given their consent to commence trading in new crop contracts. Apparently, they are still studying the vital changes effected in the very structure of the contract by the amendments now recommended by the East India Cotton Association. In the meantime, unofficial activity in the new crop contracts indicate a firmer trend, I.C.C. February and I.C.C. May being respectively quoted at Rs. 606¼ and Rs. 596¼. I.C.C. September has been drifting idly with occasional evening up business at Rs. 626/-.

Demand in the ready section is gradually shrinking not so much due to any lack of incentive to buy as to the continued scarcity of available stocks. 'N. T. delivery contracts were constantly changing hands but business in this was mostly of a speculative nature. There has been some mill buying. Demand for foreign styles, too, was limited.

In spite of the recent relaxation of cloth control, the accumulation of cloth in mills is reported to be growing. Notices of closures are still coming. Four mills in Ahmedabad and one in Bombay have already been closed while one in Sholapur and several in Ahmedabad are likely to stop work in the near future—revealed Bombay's Minister of Labour.

INCREASED DUTIES

The Government of India have learnt that the Pakistan Government intend to stand by the recent Inter-Dominion Agreement on the imports of Indian cloth. The increased duty on Indian cloth imposed by Pakistan is expected to be discussed at a conference of officials of both the Dominions to be held at Calcutta towards the end of August. The question of increased duties will, perhaps, be discussed when in a few days' time a high official of Pakistan is expected to visit India to review the working and implementation of the Inter-Dominion Trade Agreement. Trade circles are rather sceptical of the actual implementation of the Inter-Dominion Trade Agreement. Trade circles are rather sceptical of the actual implementation of the paper agreements owing to the insistence of the merchant community in Karachi for economic sanctions against the Indian Dominion and the growing tension between the two Governments over the question of Evacuee Property.

We have received the following telegram from Karachi dated 25th instant:

"News from Punjab and Sind satisfactory for standing cotton crops. Sind small arrivals of first pickings of Kapas N. T. reported good. Spot demand for Desi by exporters to Japan. Offers so far below market prices, and so no actual business reported uptil now. Revised demand for N.T. New Crop reported on enquiries from Italy and other continental buyers. Arrivals this week 644. Sales 8,597 mostly new crop N.T. November delivery. Export 9,418, out of which 4,682 Hongkong, 1,640 Spain, balance Continent, presumably against old sales licensed now. New Crop prices steadier and better business in N.T., while there are buyers 4F Sind Desi but no sellers.

WEATHER AND CROP NEWS

The monsoon continued generally weak over most of the cotton growing tracts and the crop everywhere made good progress during the past week due to clear and dry weather with passing clouds and occasional drizzles. Some sections now need rain. The following is the summary of inland reports:—

BENGALS

U. P. Unwanted heavy rains were received which are harmful to an already negligible crop. East Punjab: Clear with ample sunshine. Crop progress well maintained. Rajastan: Continued dry weather. A few showers will be welcome.

BROACH-SURAT-DHOLLERAS

Cloudy with occasional sunshine. Fields have been well cultivated. Cotton plants are very healthy. Scattered showers will be welcome.

KALAGIN-KADIA-MATHIAS

The rainless spell has helped the crop to make nice progress. Kadia plants are considerably high. Weather has turned cloudy. Cotton acreage in some sections shows 20 per cent decrease, having been switched over to groundnuts.

C. P. and Berar: Weather clear with bright sunshine which proved very beneficial to cotton plants and helped cleaning of fields. Rain is now wanted. Central India: Cloudy with light showers. Plants are healthy and need rain. On Malwa side, weather continued clear and sunny. A good general rain would be beneficial. Khandesh: Continued dry spell. Plants have put on healthy growth. One good rain is now needed. Moglais: The dry spell continues with scattered showers. Dewfall at night helping the progress of crop. Continuance of rainles spell for another week will prove very helpful.

COMPTA-DHARWAR

Cloudy but no rains. Rain is urgently needed for the sowings of the late cotton.

WESTERNS-NORTHERNS

Sowings of the late cotton have commenced wherever rain has occurred. Some districts still lack adequate moisture. The Mungari plants are in flowers. Good rain is urgently needed everywhere.

NEW YORK STOCK PRICES

NEW YORK, Aug. 30, (UPA): The stock market made its first sizeable gain in nearly two weeks today, adding nearly a point to the industrial average as trading ebbed to its lowest pace in two months.

On the whole the market news was good. Sentiment was noticeably better on the Federal Reserve Board's report of increased industrial production this month, the first gain since last autumn.

Consolidated Vultee showed a fair profit for the six months ended with May compared with a sharp loss in a similar period a year ago and United Aircraft added to the strength in that group with the announcement that it had received a 29,000,000 dollar engine order from the Government.

With questions like the steel-wage problem, the British monetary crisis and Yugoslav situation still unsettled, most traders held to sidelines. Aircraft shares were strong. General Motors paced its section with a rise of seven-eighths. Steels were better. Utilities steadied.

Of 858 shares dealt in, 301 advanced, 259 declined and 278 remained unchanged.

Curb sales amounted to 140,000. The turnover in bonds came to Sh. 1,750,000.

NEW YORK RUBBER PRICES

NEW YORK, August 30 (UPA): The rubber trade continued to mark time today awaiting developments on sterling devaluation. Higher prices in the spot market and at London influenced some buying in futures here although the volume was small.

Trade sources believe if England does not devalue the sterling, then they will have to bring their rubber price down to the U.S. level.

Discounted as a market factor was the announcement that automobile production in the United States in August will set a record month. Also ignored was the lower trend at Singapore.

The market closed 15 to 23 higher. There were 63 sales. Spot rubber was quoted at 17-1/8 cents nom.

NEW YORK COPRA PRICES

NEW YORK, August 30 (UPA): There were no sales reported in the copra market today. However, it was rumoured that the offering price had been lowered to 167.50 dollars per short ton, cif Pacific Coast, from the previous level of 170 dollars.

There were no takers according to the latest trade reports.

In cocoanut oil, crushers offered immediate shipment at 15-1/2 cents, first half of September at 14-1/2 cents, straight September at 14 cents. October was offered at 13-1/4 and November at 13 cents.

NEW YORK HESSIAN PRICES

NEW YORK, Aug. 30, (UPA):—The following were closing prices of hessian in the New York market today, based on 49 inch widths, but weights varying:

7-1/2 ounces 13.85 nom, 8 ounces 14.80 nom, 10 ounces 17.35 nom, 10-1/2 ounces 18.25 nom.

PARIS STOCK EXCHANGE

PARIS August 30.

Bourse: The market shook off its recent heaviness and exhibited a more confident undertone. Dealings showed no major expansion but the tendency of prices was slightly healthy. Sterling shares made only indecisive movements but Suez finished at a better level. Rentes continued to give ground.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago Aug. 30 Grains advanced early on commercial buying particularly wheat, against flour sales to the production and marketing administration. The firmness of the cash wheat and maize markets were additional helpful factors. However subsequently prices declined under increased commission house and local selling partity owing to renewed easiness of soyabeans and increased country maize offerings.

Took 80,000 For A Flat

CITY DOCTOR SENTENCED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Virendra Singh Tandon of 22, Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, who, on July 2, 1948, received the "staggering sum" of Rs. 80,000 for subletting his 40 ft. by 16 ft. premises at the above address, to a house hunting refugee from the N.W.F.P., was sentenced this morning to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 15,000 by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

The accused was charged with contravening the provisions of the Bombay Rents, Hotels and Lodging House Rates Act of 1947, by subletting his premises for a consideration.

The magistrate in his judgment remarked that the accused had shown "unbounded cupidity" by taking a premium of Rs. 80,000 for a room 40 ft. by 16 ft., whose monthly rent was only Rs. 82. The "pugree" amount was nearly one thousand times the monthly rent and was the equivalent of the rent of the premises for 82 years.

Mr. Khambatta characterised contention that the 'offence did not come within the purview of the Rent Act as without substance. Falling back on a point of law, the Defence maintained that the expression "grant of a lease" which occurred in the Act, meant the grant of a lawful lease. But since the lease in the present case was unlawful, the case of the accused did not fall within the four corners of the Relevant Secton of the Act.

Rejecting the defence, the Magistrate passed sentence on the accused holding that it was not possible to argue that when the accused granted a subtenancy to the complainant he at that very moment did something which was unlawful. The accused, anyway, "could not, take advantage of his own wrong".

With regard to the severity of the sentence, the magistrate held that since the accused had not benefitted by receiving the pugree, a fine smaller than the amount received as premium would meet the ends of justice. The sentence of six months imprisonment, he had imposed in addition, was the maximum jail sentence allowed by law.

The case for the prosecution was that the Complainant, Dewan Krishna Chandra, a refugee, had a number of businesses at Madras. He came to Bombay in June 1947 and was looking for a place in Bombay, to open a branch office.

He contacted the accused through an advertisement in a local paper, in which the accused had announced that he had certain premises to let. The accused initially asked for Rs. 75,000 as "pugree", raising it to Rs. 80,000 subsequently.

The complainant intimated Crime Branch II of the Bombay C.I.D., who deputed, Dy. Inspector Parab, and Sub-Inspectors Kothare and Dhamankar to investigate the offence.

The complainant, on instructions from the police, called the accused to his room at Majestic Hotel on July 2, 1948, and handed over the amount.

While the accused was going down the steps of the Majestic Hotel with the tidy sum, tucked in his pocket, the police officers who were all over the place in various disguises, closed in on him, seized the money and took him in custody.

Mr. Khambatta, in his judgment complimented D. I. Parab for the effective manner in which he had handled the case.

BENGAL ELECTIONS BY JANUARY

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (PTI): The forthcoming general elections in West Bengal are expected to be completed by the end of January next, a spokesman of the Provincial Government said today.

The spokesman added that steps had already been taken for the early completion of the voters' list and for the enrolment of refugee voters. The elections would be held on the basis of joint electorate, barring of course the seats reserved for Scheduled Castes, he stated.

W. Bengal Congress Group Hear Azad's Advice

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (PTI): Rival groups in the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee met Maulana Azad this afternoon at Government House to discuss the possibilities of reconstituting the Provincial Congress executive in the light of the Congress Working Committee's resolution.

The Maulana, it is learnt, made an appeal to the groups to sink their differences. The leaders, who had discussions with Maulana Azad for about two hours, will meet again tomorrow morning at Government House.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, August 30.

September	2 00 1/4
December	2.05
March	2 06 1/2
May	2.01

BRUSSELS STOCK EXCHANGE

BRUSSELS, August 30.

Bourse: A cautious note crept into the bourse today and prices moved irregularly lower. Exceptions to the general trend included metal, electricity, colonial plantations and some international issues.

AMSTERDAM STOCK EXCHANGE

AMSTERDAM, August 30.

The absence of fresh incentives left the stock market very quiet and hardly fluctuating. Buyers were reserved pending further developments regarding monetary discussions and the round table conference on Indonesia.

TOWARDS WORLD FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The inaugural meeting of the Bombay Association for World Federal Government was held at the Town Hall on Tuesday, when Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya presided. ...

Russian Flier To Be Returned

DESERTION AND REPENTANCE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31. (U. P. A.):—Anatal P. Barsov, the young Russian flier who deserted to the United States, has been arrested by United States authorities and flown back to Europe for possible return to the Soviet Union, it was disclosed last night.

The State Department made the announcement after the Russian Embassy reported that Barsov mysteriously "disappeared" on August 17. The embasey said that Barsov had "repented of his escape and was seeking permission to return to his home."

Barsov, a 32-year-old Russian Air Force pilot, fled from the Russian Ukraine last October 9 with Peter Pirigov, 28, a Soviet navigator, and flew a Russian bomber to the United States occupation zone of Austria Barsov left a wife and child in Russia. They told U.S. Embassy officials they had been listening to the Voice of America broadcasts and asked to see the beautiful state of Virginia, which was described on one broadcast.

The State Department granted them entry to this country as political refugees. Arriving early in February, 1949, they were taken on a widely publicized tour of Virginia and later went to New York to finish their trip. Both expressed a desire to become United States citizens. The two young men then dropped out of the headlines until today when the Soviet Embassy issued its surprise statement on Barsov's "disappearance." The statement asserted that Barsov came to the Soviet Embassy July 28th, "repented to his offence and appealed to the embassy' to take him under its protection and return him to his native country. His request, the embassy said, was granted.

On August 17, the Russian statement said, Barsov visited at the Embassy from four to 5:30 p.m. discussing plans for his repatriation and then left to return to the Altura Hotel where he was staying. That was the last the Russians heard from him.

WATER SUPPLY IN SAURASHTRA

New Restrictions Evoke Protest

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, August 31.

People are perturbed at the new regulation regarding water-supply in Saurashtra. According to it water tax is to be levied per family instead of per connection. Penalties are also threatened on people taking water from connections which are not their own.

A memorandum of protest, already signed by 5,000 people, is being prepared.

FIVE YEARS FOR JAP REDS

Anti-American Propaganda

TOKYO, Aug. 30 (PTI-Reuter)—An Allied Military Court in Osaka today sentenced six defendents in the "Wall Gazette" case to five years' imprisonment.

The prosecutions followed a series of swift arrests after Communist posters hpd been pasted on walls in Osaka streets declaring that American troops at the west coast town of Tsurga were indulging in "A spree" of criminal assaults on women. One of the accused was a former Secretary-General of the Social Democratic Party's Fukui chapter.

American Officials said there was no truth in the report, which was also published in the Communist paper Osaka Mimpo.

ROBESON HITS BACK

Concerts Will Be Held Against

NEW YORK, Aug. 31, (PTIReuter):—Paul Robeson the Negro singer, told a Harlem rally that Saturday night's peekskill, New York, concert riot "meant that from now on, we take the offensive."

The rally was called last night to protest against the riot which occurred between persons gathered to attend a Robeson's out door concert and American legionnaries' and other veterans' groups maching to protest against the concert.

"I want to warn the Legion that I have been to Memphis, Tennessee, and Florida," Mr. Robeson told the rally, "and I'll be in Peekskill again".

Mr Robeson said: "We'll have our meetings and our concerts all your the United States. The sure way to get police protection is to make it clear we will protect ourselves."

Mr. Narendra Singh Ruthor, Brother of H. H. the Maharaja of Ratlam left for Hollywood for higher studies in film industry.

SIDHWA WANTS FOOD IMPORTS TO BE STOPPED NOW

A Colossal Waste In Face Of Alleged Surplus

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31 (PTI): Mr. R. K. Sidhva, member of the Constituent Assembly, in a statement today expresses his opposition to any further imports of foodgrains by the Government of India.

To wait until 1951 to stop imports, he says, "will be a colossal loss to the nation."

Mr. Sidhva says, "I have wholeheartedly supported the Prime Minister's drive for the grow more food campaign despite my contention that there is no deficit in the country. The reason is, if we produce more than our requirements, our country to that extent will be rich. Notwithstanding this fact, I am strongly opposed to the import of any foodgrain from now onwards. To wait till 1951 will be a colossal loss to the nation. The following figures other than those quoted by me previously will convince anybody at a glance that there is something very much wrong in the Food Ministry.

	tons
Crops in 1948-1949	426.00,000
Destroyed by worms	30,00,000
Rationed area, consumption of food	22,70,000
Non-rationed area	330.00,000
	382,77,000
Surplus	43,23,000

"These figures have been reproduced from the monthly abstract of statistics published by the Government of India in February 1949.

BLIND STATISTICS

From the figures it will be seen that the surplus as per Government records shows a surplus of 43,23,000 tons. I am allowing 20 lacs tons of grain etc., used for fodder and ten lacs tons smuggling from the surplus area to a deficit area due to high prices prevailing in the deficit area. tons, it leaves a net surplus of 13,23,000 tons during 1948-49. Yet 20 lacs tons were imported from foreign countries at the total cost of Rs. 130 crores. Deduct 30 lacs tons from 43,23,000

While calculating these figures from Government statistics, I have taken for the time being, 86 per cent as the adult equivalent, as the Food Ministry has based all its calculations although, as I have said before, I challenge the 86 per cent as adult average.

According to Government, wheat and rice are the deficit items. I question the propriety of the Government importing gram, barley and other such food grains. Gram has always been surplus item, yet it is systematically imported in large quantities.

"In January 1047 tons to the value of Rs. 772,683 at the rate of Rs. 26/- per md. was imported from Aden and dependencies. Similarly, in the month of February 697 tons of gram for the value of Rs. 4,39,968 were imported from the above countries.

"It would be interesting to note that in undivided India in 1947 production of gram was 35,95,000 tons whereas under divided India in 1948, the crop instead of showing a decrease showed a sharp increase of 43,10,000 tons (7,15,000 tons increase in divided India in 1948 against undivided India)."

"DESTRUCTION CORPS" TO BE SET UP IN U.P.

Protection From Wild Animals

LUCKNOW, Aug 31—The U. P. Government has decided to set up a "distruction corps" to prevent wild animals from destroying food crops in the province.

Disclosing this, an official of the Food Ministry said that people's sentiments for a certain species of wild animals had so far prevented the Government from taking "drastic action against this perennial menace to crops". The corps would now go into action as soon as villagers of a particular area requisition its services, he added.

"International Wool": India's Contribution

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31. (PTI): A Pashmina shawl, a rug from Baroda, an exquisite durrie from Shrinketan, a thick wool blanket from Himachal Pradesh and battledress serge, made for the army, will be India's contribution to a big fashion and fabric show opening in London on September 20 it was learnt here today.

The show named "International Wool" is believed to be the first of its kind ever held in Britain. More than 250 wool fabrics will be shown, together with nearly fifty dresses, costumes and coats.

More Arrests In Satyagraha Sponsored By Socialists

DEORIA PEASANTS' DEMAND FOR REVENUE REMISSION

LUCKNOW, Aug. 31 (PTI).

TWO HUNDRED AND TWO persons have so far been arrested in connection with the Socialist-sponsored Satyagraha in Deoria District, according to an announcement from the Provincial Socialist Party here today.

Mr. Rajnarain Singh, Joint Secretary of the United Provinces Socialist Party, who had gone to Deoria to watch the situation, met the District Magistrate and stressed the need for an non-official enquiry into the condition in the district. "But the district magistrate rejected the proposal", the announcement stated.

The District Magistrate of Deoria in a communique on August 26 had stated that the Socialist Party had been demanding remission of land revenue and rent in the entire district on the ground that the peasants were unable to pay as a result of damage to standing crops by hail-storms. The affected villages had been inspected by local authorities and recommendations made for remissions in deserving cases, the communique added.

The Socialist Party had resorted to open defiance of law, the communique further stated, and batches of members of the Party had been picketing courts at Deoria and Kasia and disturbing their work by shouting slogans

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 260 MOTOR CYCLES

DESCRIPTION OF VEHICLES: Motor Cycles B.S.A., Norton, Indian, Aerial Folding Excelsior Welbike, James, Enfield.

DATE AND TIME: 12th and 13th September, 1949 at 10 A.M.

AUCTIONEERS: Messrs. Shankar Ramchandra & Bros., 128 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Poona.

PLACE OF SALE: Vehicle Depot, Dehu Road.

Detailed catalogue of vehicles is obtainable from the auctioneers or from this office free of charge. The catalogue constitutes a permit to view the vehicles.

Inspection from 7th September, 1949, from 9-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.

Issued by

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER, DISPOSALS, Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay (Tel. 30041).

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

End Kashmir Dispute

Truman's Appeal To India & Pakistan

"THREAT TO PEACE IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA"

WASHINGTON, August 31, (U. P. A.).

PRESIDENT TRUMAN in letters to the heads of the Indian and Pakistan Governments yesterday, said that continuance of their wrangle for control of Kashmir constituted a threat to the peace of all South-East Asia.

Truman said he hoped that they would make every effort to come to an early agreement concerning the control of Kashmir. The letters to Prime Minister Pandit Nehru and Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan were handed to the Indian and Pakistani Ambassadors on Tuesday by Secretary of State Dean Acheson upon the direction of the President.

Acheson refused to comment on the purpose of the visits paid him at his request by Pakistan Ambassador M. A. H. Ispahani and Indian Ambassador Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit. The Ambassadors likewise maintained silence in the face of reporters' enquiries.

However, sources close to the White House told the United Press of America that the sole reason for calling the Ambassadors in was to hand them Truman's letters. It was understood that Acheson added his personal oral plea for an early settlement of the dispute.

Truman's plea came as the high-level United States policy group continued its effort to work out a new American policy to contain Communism in Asia. One of the main features of the new policy is expected to be the establishment of a "security zone" around Communist China by promoting stability and democracy in the areas bordering China. It is in this connection that Truman's plea fitted into the context of the worked being done by the new Asian policy group by Ambassador-at-large Philip Jessup.

Acheson, while he wrote off Nationalist China, has warned Asian Reds against attempting to spread their influence or actual control into neighbouring countries. American policy planners realize that the Communist spread in Asia can best be thwarted by stability in the countries surrounding China. It is that reason, according to informed sources, which prompted Truman's messages to India and Pakistan.

Officials disclosed that Pakistan, in an aide memoire delivered to the Department on Monday, advised the United States of its strong objections to Indian candidacy for the Security Council at the time when India was one of the disputants before the Council on the Kashmir question. The Pakistan aide Memoire also noted that Pakistan might have to bring another matter to the Security Council—a complaint that India was diverting water supply in Punjab from portions of that area lying in Pakistan In the light of these facts, Pakistan is understood to have expressed surprise that the United States had promised India American support.

European Assembly's Plea To America

STRASBOURG, Aug. 31. (PTI-Reuter): The Economic Committee of the European Assembly has decided to ask the United States to lower American tariff barriers in favour of European goods. At the same time, it was learned today, the Committee would recommend the calling of an economic conference of all nations in the Council of Europe and their associated overseas territories.

ASSESSING VALUE OF VIZAG YARD

Delhi Not To Take It Over Immediately

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31, (PTI): The Government of India's decision to take over the ship-building yard at Vishakapatnam will take some time to materialise, it is learned. The financial implications of the deal yet remain to be worked out.

Further, Government have not yet determined the list of priorities to guide them in their programme of nationalisation. As it is, ship-building is said to be low down on the ladder while priority is being given to urgent agricultural plans to step up food production and multipurpose river valley projects.

The recent drive for utmost economy in capital outlay expenditure and the paucity of money may cause further delay in the Government taking over the shipyard. An additional difficulty in the immediate taking over of the yard is ascribed to the shortage of steel and unless local production is stepped up considerably, the new venture might be too much of a commitment.

BOOK VALUE

Experts are now said to be engaged in assessing the monetary value of the yard. The book value is said to exceed rupees four and a half crores and the yard is now operating at an average loss of Rs. 25 lakhs per annum. One of the proposals under consideration appears to be that Government should issue shares to the Scindia Steam Navigation Company to the tune of rupees two crores in lieu of cash to the proposed Indian Shipping Corporation, a joint Scindia-State venture, of which the Scindia Company will be the Managing Agents. The other half of the money is to be invested in shares in the proposed Ship-Building Corporation which is being promoted by the Scindias.

MAKING MOTOR TRUCKS IN INDIA

Rootes Group To Float Company

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31.

The Government of India have accepted a proposal from the Rootes Group of British motor manufacturers to float a company in India with a view to manufacturing motor car trucks in this country. Initially, the company when incorporated, has been permitted to manufacture motor trucks.

The Rootes Group manufacture the Hillman, Sunbeam and other cars.

The Government of India have also approved a scheme to accord protection to the automobile industry in a manner which would not increase the prices of motor cars. The scheme, details of which are being worked out, would substantially reduce or abolish import duty on such parts as were not manufactured here, pari passu increasing the duty on parts manufactured in India.

INDIAN ART EXHIBITION IN KABUL

H. R. H. Marshal Shah Mohammad Khan Ghazi, Prime Minister of Afghanistan, declared open the Art Exhibition organised under the auspices of the Indian Embassy at Kabul, on August 20. The group photograph taken on the occasion shows Mr. Rupchand, Indian Ambassador at Kabul (in white dress). On his right is Mr. Alberto Calisse, Italian Minister. On the Ambassador's left are A. F. Federov, Russian Ambassador, Mr. Roy Choudhury, Secretary, All India Fine Arts Society, Mr. Sultan Ahmed Khan, Ex-President of the Afghan National Assembly, H. E. H. the Prime Minister, Mr. Sardar Ali Mohammed Khan, Afghan Foreign Minister, Shrimati Rupchand, and Mr. Ahmed Cavat Ustan, Turkish Ambassador. Mr. Mohammed Turhaqi, Editor of "Islah" is third from left and Mr. Mohammed Hasham Miawandwal, Editor of "Anees" is standing behind Mr. Rupchand.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Industries To Be Under Union Jurisdiction

QUALITY STANDARDS FOR GOODS EXPORTED

NEW DELHI, August 31. (PTI)

THE Constituent Assembly today adopted 24 more entries in the Union List (sphere allotted exclusively to the Centre). Among the subjects which the House decided today to place within the sole jurisdiction of the Union Government were industries, the Central control of which was declared by Parliament by law to be expedient in the public interest.

Another entry approved by the House authorised the Union to establish quality standards for goods to be exported abroad and between one State and another within the Union.

An important decision taken by the House was to transfer the power of sanctioning cinematograph films for exhibition from the concurrent (joint Union and State) to the Union list.

One of the objects of doing so, in the words of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Chairman of the Drafting Committee "is to prevent injury being done to any film producer whose film might not be sanctioned by any particular Province by reason of some idiosyncracy or by reason of some standards which are of an extraordinary character and do not conform to the general standards which ought to prevail."

The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad appealed to the House to "go a bit faster" and complete consideration of the Union Concurrent and State Lists tomorrow.

ENTRIES ADOPTED

The House adopted the following entries in the Union List:—

54. Jurisdiction and powers of all courts, other than the Supreme Court, with respect to any of the matters in this list; 55. Census; 56. Enquiries surveys and statistics for the purposes of any of the matters in this list;

57. Union agencies and Union institutes for the following purposes, that is to say, for research, for professional vocational or technical training, for scientific or technical assistance in the investigation or detection of crime, for the training of police officers or for the promotion of special studies.

SPIRITUAL INSTITUTES

Mr. H. V. Kamath wanted the inclusion of institutes which carried on research in the spiritual field. The House rejected his suggestion on the advice of Dr. Ambedkar, who said: "I do not think that this House, knowing full well the various problems and burdens which the Central Government has to carry on in these days, would like to burden the Central Government with any such agency as spiritual research."

Mr. Kamath pleaded in vain that the "world" was looking to India for a lead in this matter

Dr. Ambedkar moved a new entry (57 A) wsich sought to place on the Union List co-ordination and determination of standards in institutions for higher education, scientific and technical institutions and institutions for research.

Mr. V. S. Sarwate contended that if the entry as proposed by Dr. Ambedkar was accepted, it would be an unnecessary interference in the Provincial sphere of education.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh (Central Provinces) opposed 57A and supported Mr. Sarwate's arguments.

FALSE IMPRESSION

Dr. Ambedkar, replying said that the question of financial assistance had been provided for in Articles 255 and 262 and hence there was no need to include it in the Union List.

He felt that uniformity of standards was quite necessary. The Centre and Provinces in recruitment for the services were merely asking for candidates who were graduates and therefore certain minimum standards would have to be laid down. Similarly research and scientific institutions could not be allowed to lower the normal standards.

"In my opinion", Dr. Ambedkar said, "it is a very important and salutary provision in view of the tendency of many Provinces to start research institutes and universities or reduce their standards to give the impression that they are doing much for research and education."

Mr. Basanta Kumar Das's amendment was withdrawn and Mr. Sarwate's amendment was rejected and the House adopted Entry 57A as moved by Dr. Ambedkar.

Dr. Ambedkar moved an amended Entry 58 relating to Union public services All India services and the Union Public Service Commission, which was adopted by the House.

Entry 59 dealing with industrial disputes concerning Union employees, a substitute entry 60 which relates to ancient and historical monuments and records declared by Parliament by law to be of national importance, and Entry 61, which refers to the establishment of standards of weight and measure, were passed by the House without discussion

Entry 62 relating to opium, its cultivation and manufacture, or sale for export, and entries 63 and 64 as amended by Dr. Ambedkar, were adopted.

The House adopted without any discussion an amended entry moved by Dr. Ambedkar replacing the original Entry 67. The amendment refers to "extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any State to any area not within such State, but not so as to enable the police of one State to exercise powers and jurisdiction in any area not within that State without the consent of the Government of the State in which such area is situated, extension of the powers and jurisdiction of members of a police force belonging to any State to railway areas outside that State".

ELECTIONS TO PARLIAMENT

The House adopted an amended Entry 68 which read: "Elections to Parliament and to Legislatures of States and of the President and Vice-President; and Election Commission to superintend, direct and control such election"

Entry 70 was passed with an amendment moved by Dr. Ambedkar.

The House agreed to Dr. Ambedkar's proposal to transfer the sanctioning of cinematograph films for exhibition from the "Concurrent" to the "Union" List. This has been put down as Entry 70-A.

The House then adopted three entries before it rose for the day. They referred to migration from one state to another, inter-state quarantine and inter-state trade and commerce.

KAMATH WANTS THE MOON TOO

NEW DELHI, Aug. 31 (PTI).—Mr. H. V. Kamath moved in the Constituent Assembly today that "interplanetary travel" should be included in the list of the Legislative powers of the Union Government.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed moved an amendment suggesting that travel between the planets and their satellites should also be included.

Commending his proposal to the House amidst laughter and interruptions, Mr. Kamath asked his fellow members not to "shut their minds in the mist of prejudices and misapprehensions to the phenomenal advance of science."

His proposal was not a thing to be mocked at, he said and he referred to an advertisement in the New York Times calling for applications for a journey to the Moon. He felt that passports regulations without his amendment would be applicable to travel on the earth only.

Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed, endorsing Mr. Kamath's view, asserted that travel between planets might be a dream today, but would become a reality within a few years.

Their views did not find favour with the House which rejected both propositions.

U. S. Engineer Praises "Damodar Project"

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (UPI): "Taking the Damodar project as a whole, it seems to offer a rare opportunity to contribute to the agricultural and industrial productiveness of this very important region. The project should deserve high priority in public financial planning", said Dr. Arthur E. Morgan, one of the greatest engineers in flood control and river training, in his report submitted to the Corporation prior to his return to U.S.A.

With regard to the proposed "design flood" on one million cusecs which has in the past been criticised by some engineers as too high, Dr. Morgan believed that the "design flood" should be increased in size with a corresponding increase in the spill-way capacity From an examination of the Tilaiya, Komar and Maithon dam sites, he felt reassured that much greater spill-way capacity could probably be secured at a small additional expense. He was also satisfied that immediate construction of the Tilaiya and Komar Dams would be both justified and desirable.

As to power, Dr. Morgan stressed that "in most countries which develop hydro-electric power, the demand overtakes the supply where construction has been very rapid."

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

"ITEM Number one: Those for; those against; carried. Item Number two....Item Number three, those for....Recorded. Item Number 25....29...."

So on with endless monotony the chairman of the Municipal Standing Committee, the Chief Statutory Committee, the very heart of the civic organisation of Bombay, calls out—while the members whisper or nod. The business is done. Often the item is called and entered by the waiting Municipal officials as passed or recorded. It is only when 29 is being called that somebody remembers he had to say something on 23 and queries if the item is passed. Sometimes, depending on the influence and standing of the member concerned, the item is reopened.

For the small knot of two or three reporters who generally attend these committee meetings—and through whom the city watches the committee at work—it is an amazing phenomenon. Although they are armed with the agenda they are generally not in possession of the actual resolution which is put up by the Executive with the approval of the chairman.

But honestly they do not bother either, because an item hardly becomes news except when somebody opposes it.

But here, in part, is the text of the accompaniment to the Committee's agenda for its meeting on Wednesday August 31.

Item No. 29.

Letter from the Commissioner, No. G382, dated the 19th August, 1949.

Subject: Planting trees on the Independence Day (15th August 1949).

"As in the preceding year, it is proposed to plant 100 trees in the various Municipal Gardens in the city on the Independence Day. The initial cost of the work is estimated as Rs. 4,237 and that of maintaining the trees for the period commencing from 15th August 1949 to 28th February, 1950, comes to about Rs. 930. No Provision exists in the current year's Budget Estimates. Sanction of the Standing Committee and the Corporation is requested...."

Note carefully the relevant dates. Independence Day was on August 15. The Commissioner's letter is dated August 19. It is put up for the consideration of the Standing Committee—not as an urgent but a routine item—at its meeting on August 31, and passed. It must now go to the Corporation. "No Provision exists in the current year's budget estimates" although planting of trees is "as in the preceding year."

And then note the tense: "IT IS PROPOSED." On August 19 it is proposed that trees be planted four days earlier!

THAT IS OUR MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION FOR YOU!

I. C. S. OFFICER CONVICTED: BREACH OF TRUST CHARGE

Five Years' R. I. And Rs. 45 Lakhs Fine

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31. (PTI): S. K. GHOSH, a senior member of the Indian Civil Service (suspended) and Chief Administrator of the new defunct Burma Refugee Organisation of the Government of India, and eleven others were today convicted on the charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of over Rs. 40 00,000 (forty lakhs) belonging to the Government of India.

The special tribunal at Alipur trying the case—known as the Burma Refugee Organisation defalcation case—sentenced Ghosh to five years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 45,00,000 in default one year's rigorous imprisonment.

The other convicted persons were sentenced as follows:— Khan Bahadur Fazlul Karim, Administrator of the Organisation (now in Pakistan), to two years rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25,000 in default one years R. I. more.

A. F. M. Abdul Karim, Chief quarter-Master of the Organisation and son of Khan Bahadur Fazlul Karim (now in Pakistan) to three years R. I. and a fine of Rs. 50,000 in default one years R. I. more.

Avrezai Karim, second son of the Khan Bahadur, to three years R.I. and a fine of Rs. 3,00,000 or one years R.I. more.

Mohd. Afzal Karim, third son of the Khan Bahadur, and Kedar Nath Tharar (both contractors) three years R. I. and a fine of Rs. 50,000 each in default another year's R.I.

Five other contractors of Dacca—Baharuddin Ahmed Sodayat Hossain, Moqbul Ahmed Chowdhury, Falauddin Ahmed and Ayub Mia—each sentenced to two years R. I. and a fine of Rs. 10,000 in default one year R.I more.

B. Mayar, a contractor of Calcutta to one year's R. I. and a fine of Rs. 50,000 in default six months R.I. more.

Ten other accused in the case were acquitted.

CRIMINAL BREACH

S. K. Ghosh, along with 21 others, was charged with conspiracy to commit criminal breach of trust in respect of funds of the Burma Refugee Organisation of the Government of India, of which Ghose was the Chief Administrator.

He was further charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of 26 separate items of the total value of Rs. 40,37,500 while the other accused were charged with abetting Ghosh in the commission of the offence in respect of one or more of the items.

All the accused pleaded not guilty to the charges. The defence of Ghosh was that the amount (about Rs. 30:00.000) in cash and landed properties which had been attached by police, was part of the money he was paid by the British War Cabinet for the secret service work he had done during the war. Twelve of the accused had left for East Pakistan and did not appear before the court.

The trial began on July 30, 1945, before a Special Tribunal consisting of Mr. S. B. Dhavle (a former Judge of in Calcutta through his solicitors.

the Patna High Court) as President and Mr. J. H. Vakeel of Bombay and Mr. G. M. De of Nagpur as members. 222 witnesses were examined, three of whom were not available for cross examination, (two died and the third remained untraced).

Over 5,600 documents were exhibited during the trial which is believed to be the longest in the history of criminal courts in India.

OBLIGING CONTRACTORS

The prosecution case was that early in 1942, the Government of India had set up an organisation for the purpose of receiving refugees, who had started migrating to India from Arakan and other areas, following the Japanese invasion of Burma.

S. K. Ghose was appointed Chief Administrator of the Organisation, known as the Burma Refugee Organisation, with powers to draw unlimited amounts from the Government Treasuries and the Reserve Bank.

Khan Bahadur Fazlul Karim and his eldest son Abdul Karim were appointed Administrator and Chief Quarter-Master, respectively of the Organisation. Several camps were started in different places and huts were hurriedly constructed for the refugees.

The prosecution stated that obliging contractors were secured, who agreed to submit bills showing inflated rates of prices for supplies made or of charges of labour done, for constructing these huts. Part of the billed money was paid to the contractors while the balance went to the "Parent Fund" to be distributed amongst Ghose and his associates.

NO PROPER ACCOUNTS

According to the prosecution, the conspiracy operated in Dacca, Kantabari in Rangpur District and in Calcutta. S. K. Ghose it is alleged made full use of the unlimited power. No attempt was made to keep any proper account books. Enormous quantities of goods were purchased and stocked but without any stock books to check them.

Two accountants were sent to the organisation by the Accountant-General but both of them had left before March 1943, and all the big payments were made after their departure. Later on, at the suggestion of S. K. Ghose, accused Mozahahar Ali, a relation of one of the contractors was sent by the Accountant-General for the organisation.

The Crown case was that soon after, the solicitors of Ghosh began to purchase properties in their own names. The police got anonymous letters and wanted to know the name of the person who was buying valuable buildings

MUTT AND JEFF—So That Seems To Settle The Whole Question — By BUD FISHER

YOU SAY YOU'RE A LINQUIST? YOU MEAN YOU CAN SPEAK DIFFERENT LANGUAGES?
YEH, THAT'S RIGHT!
WELL, SO CAN I! — I'LL TRY YOU OUT! "PARLEZ-VOUS FRANCAIS?"
HUH?
"PARLEZ-VOUS FRANCAIS?"
I DON'T GET IT!
I SAID, "DO YOU SPEAK FRENCH?"
OH, SURE!
?
SURE! WHY DIDN'T YOU SAY SO THE FIRST TIME!

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